Annual Compliance Plan Overview BC=R Overview



Fiscal Year 2023/24



PURPOSE

This report provides a summary of activities carried out under the British Columbia Energy Regulator's Annual Compliance Plan for fiscal year 2023/24 and progress made towards achieving our associated targets.

The BCER's Plan, Do, Check, Act method provides certainty that our approach continuously improves, leading to increased effectiveness of compliance oversight.

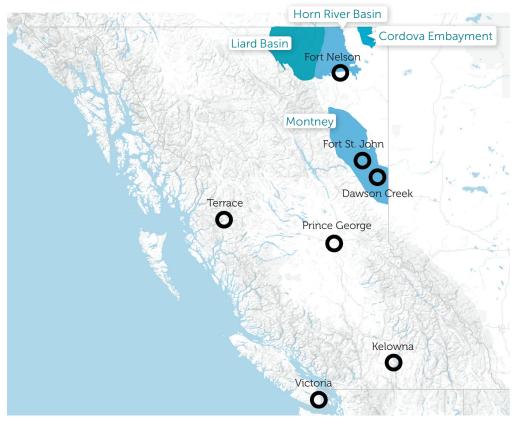
British Columbia Energy Regulator

he <u>British Columbia Energy Regulator</u>

(BCER) is the provincial regulatory agency with responsibilities for regulating oil, gas and geothermal activities in British Columbia, including exploration, development, pipeline transportation and reclamation. We protect public safety and safeguard the environment while balancing a broad range of environmental, economic, and social considerations.

From exploration through to final reclamation, we respect those affected by oil and gas activities, cooperating with partner agencies while working closely with communities, First Nations, and land owners, and confirming industry compliance with provincial legislation. We are committed to advancing reconciliation and establishing close working relationships with Indigenous peoples throughout the energy life cycle.

BCER Office Locations Throughout B.C.



Territorial Acknowledgement

We acknowledge and respect the many Indigenous Territories and Treaty areas, each with unique cultures, languages, legal traditions and relationships to the land and water, which the British Columbia Energy Regulator's work spans. We also respectfully acknowledge the Métis and Inuit people living across B.C.

COMPLIANCE MANAGEMENT AND OVERSIGHT

The Oil and Gas Activities Act, provides the BCER's mandate to regulate oil and gas activities in B.C. A comprehensive regulatory framework governing oil and gas operations has been developed by the Province and the BCER. The assessment of compliance within that framework is a critical element in fulfilling the BCER's mandate.

The BCER's Compliance Management System (CMS) includes the principles, roles, responsibilities, requirements, and methodologies - established in a Compliance Management Policy - through which the BCER assures compliance of oil and gas activities with the regulatory framework.

Operation and continuous improvement of the BCER's CMS is led by a Compliance Management Steering Committee, consisting of senior leadership from several operational and technical business units and is led by the BCER's Executive Vice President, Safety & Compliance.

Compliance Principles

All compliance management processes under the BCER's CMS are designed, planned, carried out and evaluated in accordance with the following principles:

- **Fair:** Compliance activities afford all affected parties a fair process and compliance decisions are made by objective, competent decision-makers.
- **Defensible:** Compliance activities and supporting intelligence are accurate and support activities undertaken by the BCER.
- **Predictable:** Enforcement outcomes from compliance activities are fair and predictable under clearly understood conditions.
- **Risk-informed:** Compliance management processes are informed by risk, ensuring resources are used to the maximum effect.
- Responsive: All identified potential situations
 of non-compliance are examined and non compliances are met with appropriate action and
 tracked until corrected.
- **Collaborative:** Business areas work together, share information and engage stakeholders, to ensure the CMS achieves performance expectations.
- Adaptive: Knowledge gained from compliance management processes, independent third-party observations and other sources will be used to systematically improve the CMS through a continuous improvement process.



Compliance Verification Activities

The BCER carries out several activities and business processes every year to assess whether or not regulatory requirements have been met by oil and gas permit holders. These activities include, but are not limited to, audits, inspections, administrative monitoring, as well as permit holder self-assessments. ACP documents include annual plans for audits and inspections, the results of which may inform adjustments or improvements to other verification processes.

- Audit: An independent, systematic and documented process to obtain and evaluate evidence to determine the extent to which audit criteria are fulfilled.
- **Inspection:** An on-site, compliance verification activity or process that involves the methodical examination and assessment of regulated activities or operations against requirements. May occur at any time during the life of a project.
- Administrative Compliance Monitoring: An office-based compliance verification procedure which may include any activity to track or assess compliance associated with operational submissions that must be provided to the BCER, including data, notices, reports or any other information required to be submitted. Some administrative monitoring mechanisms may consist of or be aided by automated tools to identify alleged non-compliances, such as reports.
- Permit holder self-assessment: A compliance verification method carried out by permit holders, which uses a standardized approach pre-defined or sanctioned by the BCER to assess and/or report on compliance with a requirement.





Natural Resource Aboriginal Liaison Program

Established in 2014, the Aboriginal Liaison Program (ALP) is a partnership between Indigenous communities, the BCER, the BC Oil and Gas Research and Innovation Society (BCOGRIS) and other natural resource agencies. Through this partnership, participating Indigenous communities and agencies work to develop collaborative compliance oversight processes that incorporate Indigenous land values, interests and perspectives while fostering opportunities for two-way information sharing.

The ALP provides training and mentoring opportunities to improve Liaisons' knowledge and understanding of development activities and impacts, as well as enabling them to inform their community members with reliable and sound information about development activities on their traditional territories. By working directly with Liaisons, BCER staff are provided with opportunities to deepen their understanding of Indigenous peoples' values and traditional knowledge in relation to energy resource development and learn about the communities and cultures of the people they work with.



ANNUAL COMPLIANCE PLAN DEVELOPMENT

The Annual Compliance Plan establishes the BCER's priorities and targets for inspections and audits for the coming fiscal year. The annual plan consists of an inspection plan and an audit plan, along with measurable targets against which quarterly and annual reporting can be carried out.

The Annual Compliance Plan is created using a cyclical Plan-Do-Check-Act process for continuous improvement.

Plan: Key inputs into the ACP are inspection selection and planning criteria and methodologies, audit planning schedules, results from previous ACP implementations, corporate-level risk registers and other strategic drivers.

Do: Includes the implementation of the annual inspection and audit plans.

Check: Includes quarterly and annual reporting related to the progress of plan implementation, identification of any key trends, and any recommended actions. This may also incorporate operational data and trends from the various compliance verification process carried out at the business unit level.

Act: Involves responding to information obtained from the check phase – both quarterly and annually - to enhance performance to expectations. Some actions identified may be executed immediately upon observation, or as part of improvements prioritized within the next year's ACP.

ACP Component: Annual Inspection Plan

The Annual Inspection Plan identifies target or benchmark numbers of inspections to be completed from each inspection selection stream. Targets are established for selection streams where inspections are pre-planned. Benchmarks have been established for selection streams that are triggered by operational events, external requests, etc. Overall, the BCER completes in excess of 4,500 inspections annually.

The BCER's inspection selection and planning methodology is made up of several selection streams based on several risk-based and

operational drivers.

- Data and Risk-Informed: This stream selects inspections based on site characteristics, observed compliance trends and associated risk.
- **Event-Driven:** This stream selects inspections after operational events at oil and gas sites (notice of construction, pressure test, Leave To Open notices, etc.).
- Responsive: These include inspections requested by a business area within the BCER or by an external party. This stream provides responsiveness to specific

- stakeholder interests or concerns, and identification of potentially emergent compliance trends.
- Officer Selected: These inspections are selected by officers based on an evaluation of inspection frequency, inspection coverage within an area, local knowledge and response to seasonal access into remote areas. As these inspections are often conducted alongside other planned inspections, they positively influence inspection efficiency by rounding out daily activities in a particular area.

ACP Component: Annual Audit Plan

The BCER performs audits to assess the effectiveness of permit holders' program areas in accordance with specified audit criteria. Auditing is used to assess compliance with requirements, which are outside the scope of routine inspections and involves verifying adherence to specific criteria derived from requirements or regulations and looks at the overall method by which a risk is managed. Audits may also be broad-based, assessing industry trends or effectiveness of existing regulation.

The focus is on the processes and procedures used to meet specified criteria or requirements, and the overall effectiveness. The scale and scope of individual audits is based on the size and nature of the auditee as well as on the nature, functionality, complexity and the aspect of the area or system to be audited. This includes audits of single, multiple or integrated management system(s) or program areas conducted either separately or in combination.

ACP MONITORING AND RESULTS

The BCER tracks progress towards completion of planned activities in the ACP through preparation and review of quarterly and annual reports. These reports are reviewed by business unit leaders and all members of the Compliance Management Steering Committee.

After the completion of an ACP cycle, the BCER reviews and analyses audit and inspection results to identify trends or findings that may inform changes to criteria used in planning future ACP activities.



TABLE 1: COMPLIANCE VERIFICATION PROGRAM AREA GOALS AND PERFORMANCE TARGETS

INSPECTION PLAN	NUMBER OF INSPECTIONS	PERFORMANCE TARGET
Data and Risk Informed	2,800	Greater than or equal to 90% completion
Event Driven	50	N/A
Responsive	100	N/A
Officer Selected	1,500	N/A

AUDIT PLAN	NUMBER OF AUDITS	PERFORMANCE TARGET
Certificate of Restoration (COR) Audit Program	10	90% completion of planned audits
Dam Safety Audit	4	90% completion of planned audits
Emergency Management Program Audit	2	90% completion of planned audits
Facilities Integrity Management Program	12	90% completion of planned audits
Heritage Conservation Audit Program	5	90% completion of planned audits
Methane Emissions	18	90% completion of planned audits
Pipeline Integrity Management Program	14	90% completion of planned audits
Riparian & Stream Crossing Audit Program	10	90% completion of planned audits
Roads Audit Pilot	4	90% completion of planned audits
Surface Water Audit	10	90% completion of planned audits

Please note: 90% completion of planned audits is both an audit-specific measure, as well as an overall program level measure.

For specific questions or enquiries regarding this data, please contact: Communications@bc-er.ca





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