

Log ASCII Standard **Document #1 – File Structures**

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Release 3.00 - June 6, 2000

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LAS Version 3.0 Discussion

The LAS format began with the desire for a simple format to exchange well log data. The world-wide acceptance of LAS proved the need for such a format. As users embraced the concept and the format, many new applications of the concept were attempted. As data users, we have all been tempted to put more data into our LAS files than the format was originally designed to handle. This led to the realization that LAS needed to expand.

LAS 3.0 was originally proposed as an update to LAS 2.0, with just minor changes to handle more well log data, such as multiple logging runs. But, like a ball rolling down a hill, the process quickly gained speed. What we are now presenting is a major redesign of the LAS format. We have maintained the founding principles of LAS, and those using LAS 3.0 for log data alone will find that the format is much the same as previous versions. However, those wishing to use LAS 3.0 for other data types will find in this format the expanded flexibility to accurately and completely describe their data.

Originally LAS was designed around a collection of file "sections". Each section began with a title line, and that title line was marked with a tilde (" \sim ") at the beginning of the line. This design has been maintained, and we have added several new sections, plus added the rules for adding user-defined sections.

The standard will be released in two major parts. This first part will describe the file STRUCTURES, including those defined to hold the new data types, and the details of how to build a LAS ver 3.0 file.

The next part of the LAS 3.0 release will describe specific CONTENT requirements. These content requirements will describe the exact sections, parameters, and channels that will satisfy the specific needs of each group or organization that wishes to define a LAS 3.0 content requirements.

To introduce the new structure concepts, remember that in previous versions of LAS the following sections were required: **~Version**, **~Well**, **~Curve** and **~ASCII**. The **~Version** section contains only data related to the LAS file. This section is still required in LAS 3.0, and now has additional options added. The **~Well** section contains all data that is common to every data set related to that specific well, including the well identification and location. This section has been maintained and expanded.

The remaining sections in an LAS file will be defined by the data set or sets being included. In general terms they will follow the pattern of a Parameter section, Definition section, and a Data section for each data set. This is consistent with the historical **~Parameter**, **~Curve** and **~ASCII** sections used for log data. While these section names have been maintained for log data, the equivalent sections for new data sets will follow this new naming convention:

~Section_Parameter, ~Section_Definition, and ~Section_Data.

Some data sets will require all three of these section, others may only require a Parameter section, or a combination of Definition and Data sections.

A LAS 3.0 file might contain just one data set, such as logs or core, or it could contain a number of data sets. Whichever option is chosen, there must only be one ~Version section, and one ~Well section. These sections must also be the first two sections in the file, and in this order. After that, each data set should appear as a set. For example, the **~Parameter**, **~Curve**, and **~ASCII** sections must appear together. Likewise **~Core_Parameter**, **~Core_Definition**, and **~Core_Data** must appear together.

The future has been designed into the new version of LAS. Using the following two data models, provision has been made to allow users to define new sections as the need arises. These new sections should fit either of the following cases:

1) Self-contained Sections, such as the **~Well** Information and **~Parameter** sections. (Note: In most cases the **~Parameter** sections are related to other data sections.) Following this example, the new section would look something like this:

~NewSection_Parameter

```
Name .Unit
```

Data : Description {F} | Association

2) Data Sections with related Definition and optional Parameter sections. These sections will follow the **~Parameter**, **~Curve**, **~ASCII** model where **~Parameter**s contains header information related to the log data, **~Curve** contains the definitions of the log curves present, and **~ASCII** contains an indexed table of log digits.

~NewSection_Parameter

Paral .Unit	I	Data :	Description	{F}	Association
~NewSection_D	efinition				
Index .Unit Chanl .Unit			Description Description		Association Association
~NewSection_D	ata NewSectior	n_Definit	ion		
1234.00,5678. 1234.25,6789.					

1234.25,6789.00 1234.50,7890.00

The Parameter sections are optional, and should only be used for data that is directly relevant to the type of data intended for that section.

In all cases, user-defined sections must follow the same structure rules set out for the defined sections in this document.

What's new in LAS Ver 3.0

This is a short list of the new features in Ver 3.0

- 1. New Data types. (Core, Drilling etc).
- 2. "Structure" rules separated from "Content" rules.
- 3. New delimiters and structures.
- 4. Comma Tab and Space delimited data.
- 5. Handles 1D, 2D and 3D arrays
- 6. Supports Multiple Runs.
- 7. Parameter Zoning.
- 8. Floating point, string, integer, Date and Time formats supported.
- 9. Addition of User defined data is easy
- 10. WRAP YES has been dropped.
- 11. ~Other section has been dropped.

Conventions Used in this Document.

If it looks like this;	It means this:
BS.IN 8.25 : Bit Size	Text that appears in this non-proportional font style indicates example text that is an excerpt from a LAS file.
BSIN8.25.; Bit Size {F}	Text that appears in this non-proportional font with the wavy underline is an example LAS content that violates the LAS 3.0 standard in some way. This is used in examples to illustrate common errors.
Parameter Data	Text that appears in this font style is a LAS 3.0 related term defined in the LAS 3.0 document. A definition for these phrases can be found in Appendix III.
BS .Unit Value : Description	Text that appears in this Italics style of this non- proportional font style indicates a placeholder for the actual file contents that would appear in that position, defined by the word in italics. In this example the file would contain an actual unit for BS, such as INCH, not the word Unit.

Major Components of a LAS Ver 3.0 File

LAS Files are divided into logical sections. Sections are recognized by lines that begin with the ~ (tilde, ASCII 126) character. These section defining lines are called **Section Title lines**. Specific sections are recognized by their names, which follow the ~ (tilde) character. The entire word following the ~ is the section name, not just the first character after the ~.

Sections contain lines where data is described and/or stored. There are several types of sections and several types of lines within sections.

The LAS 3.0 standard defines which combinations of sections must exist in LAS files, and in which order. For example, the **~Version** and **~Well** section must exist in that order in all Ver 3.0 LAS files.

As in LAS version 2.0, only one well will be described within a single file.

Data is stored as one, two or three dimensional arrays. The data are usually indexed to depth or time, but may be presented as discrete measurements if required.

Data is grouped by type into related sections, as they relate to the well in which that data was acquired. Types include depth and time indexed Logging, Core, Inclinometry, Drilling, Formation tops, test data, user defined types, etc.

Primary Section Types

Parameter Data Sections

Contains any number of **Parameter Data** lines (see below). Intended to hold One dimensional data that relates in general to one of the data types described.

Column Definition Sections

Contains any number of **Column Definition** lines (see below). Intended to hold detailed descriptions (name, unit, etc) of each 2D or 3D channels stored in a **Column Data** section. There is always a matching **Column Data** section.

Column Data Sections

Contains any number of **Column Data** lines (see below). Intended to hold 2D and 3D indexed and non-indexed channels. There is always a matching **Column Definition** section that fully describes each channel. There may also be a matching **Parameter Data** section that holds related parameters.

User Defined Sections

Other types of sections can be defined as the user needs. Always use the above three primary types whenever possible. See the section on **Adding User Defined Data** for additional details.

Lines Types Within Sections

Parameter Data Lines

Appear in **Parameter Data** sections.

Each **Parameter Data** line contains a one dimensional data item consisting of (usually but not restricted to) one or two elements. Each line also contains a full description of that data.

Some **Parameter Data** lines are required in certain sections. Some of these required **Parameter Data** lines must also contain data, while other do not. Later sections discussing specific sections will state specific requirements.

Note: Required implies the **Parameter Data** line for each listed item must exist, consisting of the Mnemonic, unit (if applicable), and description. The **Value** field for each required **Parameter Data** line does not have to filled in for LAS compliance. The exception to this rule. It is strongly recommended that

Column Definition Lines

Appear only in **Column Definition** sections.

Although structurally identical to a **Parameter Data** lines (see above), each **Column Definition** line is used to describe each matching (by order) channel contained in the matching **Column Data** section. The name, unit, log code, description and format (if used) contained in each **Column Definition** line fully describe the channel it refers to.

Column Data Lines

Appear only in Column Data sections.

Each line contains a series of delimited data values. The delimiting character is defined by the value of the **DLM** parameter in the **~version** section. Descriptions of each data are contained in the matching **Column Definition** section.

Structure Details

The details of the sections and the lines within the sections are discussed.

Sections

The **~version** and **~well** sections must appear in every LAS 3.0 file as the first and second sections respectively.

Other sections are grouped by data type. Each group consists of two or three sections; a **Parameter Data** section (optional for all but Log data), a **Column Definition** section, and a **Column Data** section, in that order.

For example, core analysis data would have the following three sections:

```
~Core_Parameter
~Core_Definition
~Core_Data.
```

At least one group or data type of either the defined LAS 3.0 data types or a user defined type must exist in every LAS 3.0 file.

The **Column Definition** and the **Column Data** sections for each data type are matched sets and must both appear in that order. The corresponding **Parameter Data** section is optional (except for Log data), but if used must appear before it's corresponding **Column Definition** Section.

LAS 3.0 defines six specific well related data types and their root Section Title names. They are:

~Ascii Of ~Log ~Core ~Inclinometry ~Drilling ~Tops ~Test

Additional data types can be defined by the user and content rules discussed elsewhere in the document may define other section titles.

Stand alone user defined **Parameter Data** sections can be included. Care must be taken to use standalone **Parameter Data** sections only when the data contained does not fit into any of the other defined data types.

When used, the section order of each set of the three sections for each data type must be Parameter, Definition, then Data.

Blank lines and comment lines can appear within **Column Data** sections, but can only appear BEFORE the first **Column Data** line of that section, or after the LAST **Column Data** line of that section.

The names of each channel can optionally appear above each channel as a comment line immediately before, after or on the section title line of that section if space allows.

Note: Do not use the **~other** section recognized by LAS ver 2.0. It is no longer allowed in LAS 3.0. Any data that can be stored in such a section, must now be stored properly in a user defined **Parameter Data** or **Column Data** section.

Lines Within Sections

Section Title Lines

First non-space character of the line must the ~ (tilde, ASCII 126) character.

The identifying **Section Title** is all characters from the first character after the \sim (tilde) until the next space, the next | (bar) character, or the end of that line.

Parameter Data section titles must be named by appending the suffix _**Parameter** to the root **Section Title** such as ~**Core_Parameter**.

Column Definition section titles must be named by appending the suffix _Definition to the root Section Title such as ~Core_Definition.

Column Data section titles must be named by appending the suffix _Data to the root **Section Title** such as ~Core_Data.

Sections that are exceptions to the required suffix additions are the **~Parameter**, **~Curve** and **~ASCII** sections, which implies logging data.

The **Column Data Section Title** line must include an association to its matching **Column Definition** section.

Do this by first placing a | (bar, ASCII 124) character after the **Section Title**, then adding the full matching **Column Definition** section title (without the ~ tilde), such as;

~Core_Data | Core_Definition

This gives a reliable way of knowing which **Column Definition** section belongs with this **Column Data** section.

Note: No other section title lines other than a Data Section title line may use the association delimiter (|) followed by other section titles.

The **Section Title line** must contain at least the ~ (tilde) and a section title.

The character immediately after the \sim (tilde) must not be a space, i.e. the section title must begin immediately after the \sim (tilde).

If the bar character and matching **Column Definition** section title are included, then that matching **Column Definition** section must exist in the LAS file.

Any number of spaces can separate the section title and | (bar) delimiter and the matching **Column Definition** section title.

Parameter Data Lines

Each **Parameter Data** line consists of at least four, and up to six delimited fields. Each field has a defined name. Some fields may only contain spaces if not needed (such as Unit).

MNEM.UNIT VALUE : DESCRIPTION {Format} | Assoc1, Assoc2 ...

Delimiting characters and the following rules are used to separate the fields. Full descriptions of the delimiters can be found in Appendix II.

Each section should have the first period and last colon, and all other delimiting characters and fields aligned for each of reading, but this is not a requirement, nor is having the same alignment of the delimiters in all sections.

Note: Do not use TAB characters on a **Parameter Data** line in an attempt to space out the items. Use Spaces only for this purpose. Tabs are reserved for use as delimiting characters, and may only be used on **Parameter Data** lines as delimiters between multiple **Value** field data items or to delimit **Association** Parameters.

MNEMONIC (MNEM)

Any length >0, but must not contain periods, colons, embedded spaces, tabs, $\{ \}$. [], | (bar) characters, leading or trailing spaces are ignored. It ends at (but does not include) the first period encountered on the line.

UNIT (if data has a unit)

Any length, but must not contain colons, embedded spaces, tabs, $\{\}$ or | characters. If present, it must begin at the next character after the first period on the line. The Unit ends at (but does not include) the first space or first colon after the first period on the line.

VALUE (may be required or optional)

Any length, but must not contain colons, $\{\}$ or | characters. If the Unit field is present, at least one space must exist between the unit and the first character of the **Value** field. The **Value** field ends at (but does not include) the last colon on the line.

The **Value** field can contain more than one piece of data. Each piece must be delimited by the character defined in the **DLM** (Data Delimiting Character) parameter in the **~Version** section.

Individual data items that themselves contain the delimiting character, must each be entirely surrounded by a single pair of quotes " " (ASCII 34 each). No data item can contain a pair of double quote characters "" (ASCII 34 twice).

DESCRIPTION

Any length. Begins as the first character after the last colon on the line, and ends at the last $\{$ (left brace), or the last | (bar), or the end of the line, whichever is encountered first.

FORMAT (optional)

Contained within the last set of matching $\{\}$ (left and right braces). If you do not want to specify a format, then do not use a matched set of $\{\}$ within the DESCRIPTION field or an error may result if the characters within the $\{\}$ are not proper format characters.

If the format field is absent, this implies that any numerical data referred to by this line must be in floating point format.

ASSOCIATION(s) (optional)

The Associations field contains one or more mnemonics found elsewhere in the LAS file on **Parameter Data** or **Column Definition** lines. Those lines hold related pieces of information to the data found on this line.

Association mnemonics are listed after the last | (bar) character on the line, delimited by the **DLM** character for multiple mnemonics. Each Association mnemonic used must be found somewhere else in the LAS file as a legal mnemonic on a **Parameter Data** line or **Column Definition** line.

Column Data section lines and comments cannot contain associated parameters.

Column Definition Lines

Column Definition Lines are identical in structure to **Parameter Data** lines and share all rules discussed for **Parameter Data** lines. They do not carry data, rather they fully describe each data channel in the matching **Column Data** section elsewhere in the file. The order is most critical and must be the same as the order of the columns of data in the referenced **Column Data** section.

Column Data Lines

Column Data lines contain delimited data values on each line of a Column Data section.

Column Data Lines can be of any length and contain any number of data items. If the **Column Definition** for any data item has a format { } specified (Floating point, integer, etc), then all data items must be formatted using that specified format.

Each line must contain the same number of delimiting characters, which is one less than the number of data items. The number of data items must match the number of **Column Definition** lines found in the matching **Column Definition** section.

Each column of data must be separated by exactly one delimiting character specified in the **Value** field of the **DLM** parameter found in the **~Version** section. If the delimiter is the SPACE character, then continuous space characters are to be taken as a single delimiter.

<u>Comma and Tab delimited files only</u>: Data items may be absent at any level, as indicated by two consecutive delimiter characters. The value of this missing data item must be taken as the NULL value described in the **~Well** section by the NULL parameter. For space delimited files, data items cannot be absent. The NULL value must be used.

Data items that themselves contain the delimiting character, must each be entirely surrounded by a single pair of quotes " " (ASCII 34 each). No data item can contain a pair of double quote characters "" (ASCII 34 twice).

Cases where two or more consecutive delimiters (except space delimiters) occur, the missing data channel inferred between each delimiter shall be interpreted as the NULL value as defined in the **~well** section Null parameter.

1000.00,13.45,46.0985,,,

is equivalent to

1000.00,13.45,46.0985,-999.25, -999.25, -999.25

If a **Column Data** line has an indexed channel as the first channel, then that first data item cannot be blank or null, regardless of the delimiting character.

Individual Section Descriptions

Required sections

~Version

The **~Version** section identifies information pertaining the file itself.

The **~version** section must be the first section of every LAS 3.0 file. It is classified as a **Parameter Data** section, and must conform to the basic rules that apply to all **Parameter Data** sections.

VERS, WRAP and DLM must be the first **Parameter Data** lines of the section. All other **Parameter Data** lines must contain data that relates to the LAS standard or the file itself, never to the well. Well related information must be placed in other appropriate sections.

No association mnemonics are allowed. Comment lines and blank lines are allowed.

Any other **Parameter Data** lines as defined by user need or future standards compliance definitions may also be present, but must come AFTER the three required parameters.

Required Contents (All files)

Three **Parameter Data** lines are required. The **Value** field of each must contain one of the indicated or optional values.

	VERS.	3.0	: LAS Version Identifier
	WRAP.	No	: WRAP mode
OR	DLM .	SPACE	: Column Data Section Delimiter
	DLM .	COMMA	: Column Data Section Delimiter
OR	DLM .	TAB	: Column Data Section Delimiter

The delimiting characters referred to by the **SPACE**, **Comma** and **Tab** words are ASCII 32 for **Space**, ASCII 44 for **Comma** and ASCII 9 for **Tab**.

Note: if the DLM Value field has no value, then Space delimiting is assumed by default.

Details Specific to the ~Version section

Column Data sections no longer have line length restrictions. This removes the need to define a way to write multiple lines for each index step, as previously defined in LAS ver 2.0 using the WRAP YES parameter. **No** is the only legal LAS 3.0 value for WRAP.

The **Value** used for **DLM** must be one of the three possible words listed above. Never use the actual ASCII characters described by the words for the **Value** field.

All **Column Data, Parameter Data,** and **Column Definition** sections in the LAS file must use the same and actual ASCII character (not the word) as described by **DLM**'s value for delimiting data.

Each single delimiter character represents the division between each successive column of any **Column Data** section or **Value** field on a **Parameter Data** line. The only exception to this is the SPACE delimiter, where consecutive space characters are considered one delimiter.

If the delimiter is Tab or Comma, then the number of delimiter characters for every index step must be exactly one less than the number of channels being included. If the

delimiter is space, then at least one space delimiter must exist between each column at all index levels.

Cases where two or more consecutive delimiters (except space delimiters) occur, the missing data channel inferred between each delimiter shall be interpreted as the NULL value as defined by the null parameter's **value** field found in the *-well* section.

1000.00,13.45,46.0985,,,

is equivalent to

1000.00,13.45,46.0985,-999.25, -999.25, -999.25

If a **Column Data** line has an index (first) channel, then that channel cannot be left empty.

~Well

The ~well section contains data that uniquely identifies the Well bore data.

Required Contents (All files)

The following eleven **Parameter Data** lines are required in every **-well** section. The **Value** field of the **STRT**, **STOP**, **STEP** and **NULL** parameters must contain data. All other **Value** fields are not required to contain data but it is strongly recommended that all **Parameter Data** lines contain correct data.

STRT, STOP and **STEP value** fields must contain the actual first, last and increment values of the index channel in the **~ASCII** or the **~Log_Data** section (if present, and if there is only one **~Log_Data** section).

If the file contains more than one ~Log_Data section, then the STRT, STOP and STEP value fields must have the correct data for ~Log_Data[1]. Other sections ~Log_Data[n] sections do not require additional STRT, STOP and STEP parameters at this time.

STEP must be 0 if step increment is not exactly constant between every index.

STRT .	Value	: First Index Value
STOP .	Value	: Last Index Value
STEP .	Value	: STEP of index

The NULL value requires a value. -999.25 or -99999 are common examples.

NULL . V	alue	:	NULL	VALUE
----------	------	---	------	-------

The Well identification, location and ownership parameters are as follows;

COMP .	: Company
WELL .	: Well
FLD .	: Field
LOC .	: Location
SRVC .	: Service Company
CTRY .	: Country

CTRY value must be a valid internet country code.

DATE . : Service Date

X/Y location co-ordinate parameters are required. The **Value** fields are optional. There are two possible sets of parameters which must be used. Either set is acceptable, but each set must be complete.

		(Enner)		
LATI LONG GDAT	•	(OR)	:	Latitude Longitude Geodetic Datum
X Y GDAT HZCS			:	X or East-West coordinate Y or North South coordinate Geodetic Datum Horizontal Co-ordinate System

If Country (CTRY) has the value of ca, (Canada) then these three **Parameter Data** lines must be included.

PROV	•	:	Province
UWI	•	:	UNIQUE WELL ID
LIC	•	:	License Number

If Country (CTRY) has the value of **us**, (USA), then these three **Parameter Data** lines must be included.

STAT	:	State
CNTY	:	County
API	:	API NUMBER

If Country (CTRY) has the no **Value**, then neither of these sets is required. The user can add similar data applicable to the country in use.

Details Specific to the ~Well Section

(Eithor)

No associations are allowed for any defined mnemonic in the ~well section.

-well must be the second section of every LAS 3.0 file. It may contain only **Parameter Data** lines, comments and blank lines. Any user added **Parameter Data** lines must come after all defined or required lines.

The **STRT**, **STOP** and **STEP** parameter data lines must always appear as the first three lines of the **~well** section.

The **STRT** value must be exactly that of the FIRST index value (first column) in the **~ASCII** section or **~Log_Data** section.

The **STOP** value must be exactly that of the LAST index value (first column) in the **~ASCII** section or **~Log_Data** section.

The **STOP** parameter can have a value of NULL (the same value as listed as the value of the **NULL** Parameter). This is necessary to accommodate an emerging need of real time data acquisition where data files are being constantly updated. See Appendix V on Real time Data Allowances for details. This rule only applies if the **~ASCII** section is used for Log data.

The **STEP** value must be the exact value of the difference between every index value of the first channel of the **~ASCII** section or **~Log_Data** section. Where the **STEP** increment is not a constant difference between successive index values, the **STEP** must be have the value of zero.

An excellent source of Geodetic datum and Horizontal Coordinate System parameter values (GDAT and HZCS) is the EPSG database of geodetic information Check: http://www.petroconsultants.com/products/geodetic.html for further details.

The **CTRY** parameter value, if present, must be one of the two letter Internet country codes appropriate to the country in which the well is located. Check:

http://www.ics.uci.edu/pub/websoft/wwwstat/country-codes.txt

or search the internet for "Country Codes". Several sources are available.

If **CTRY** has is a value other than **ca** or **us**, then neither of the above indicated **Parameter Data** line sets or any other additional parameters are required.

The **DATE** value format must either be specified in a format field on that line, or the $\{DD/MM/YYYY\}$ format will be taken as the default

Data Section Sets

Each of the following six defined data type section sets are optional, but at least one set must exist in each LAS 3.0 file. The **Parameter Data** section of each set is optional except the **~Parameter** or **~Log_Parameter** sections if Log data is present.

Log Data Section(s)

Log data is defined and stored in the **~Parameter**, **~Curve**, and **~ASCII** sections (for those who wish to continue with Ver 2.0 guidelines) **or** in complete sets of **~Log_Parameter**, **~Log_Definition** and **~Log_Data** sections.

If Log data is stored in a LAS 3.0 file and the file contains only the **~ASCII** section (no **~Log_Data** sections), then the **~ASCII** section must the last section of the file.

If Log data is stored in a LAS 3.0 file and the file contains only a single **~Log_Data** section (no **~ASCII** section), then the **~Log_Data** section must the last section of the file.

If Log data is stored in a LAS 3.0 file and the file contains more than one ~Log_Data section, then all ~Log_Data[n] sections must the last sections of the file.

~Parameter, ~Curve and ~ASCII as well as ~Log_Parameter, ~Log_Definition and ~Log_Data are reserved LAS Ver 3.0 section names. Only the ~Log_Parameter, ~Log_Definition and ~Log_Data sections can have multiple sections in the same file. (~Log_Data[n] etc). ~Parameter, ~Curve and ~ASCII section titles must not use [n] index suffixes.

~Parameter or ~Log_Parameter

The **~Parameter** or **~Log_Parameter** sections are the **Parameter Data** sections that corresponds to Log Parameters. All rules that apply to **Parameter Data** sections apply to these sections.

The **Section Title line** must look exactly like these options with possible [n] suffix as appropriate for multiple **~Log_Parameter** sections.

~Parameter ~Log_Parameter ~Log_Parameter[n]

The parameters associated with each group of logging data are listed in the **~Parameter** or **~Log_Parameter** sections. An example of the section contents might look like this.

: Permanent Data
: Above Permanent Data
: Depth Reference (KB,DF,CB)
: Elevation of Depth Reference
: Run Number

~Curve or ~Log_Definition

The **~Curve** or **~Log_Definition** sections are the **Column Definition** sections that corresponds to Log Definitions. All rules that apply to **Column Definition** sections apply to these sections.

These sections holds the **Column Definitions** for each of the data items in the **~ASCII** or **~Log_Data** sections. The **Section Title line**s must look exactly like these options with possible [n] suffix as appropriate for multiple **~Log_Definition** sections.

~Curve ~Log_Definition ~Log_Definition[n]

An example of the section contents might look like this.

DEPT.FT	Log Code : DEPTH
DPHI.PU	Log Code : DENSITY POROSITY
GR .GAP	Log Code : GAMMA RAY
PEF .	Log Code : PHOTOELECTRIC FACTOR
RHOB.G/C3	Log Code : BULK DENSITY

~ASCII or ~Log_Data

The ~ ASCII or ~Log_Data sections are the **Column Data** sections that corresponds to Log data. All rules that apply to **Column Data** sections apply to these sections. They hold the indexed log data values. The **Section Title lines** must look exactly like these with possible [n] suffix as appropriate for multiple ~Log_Data sections.

```
~ASCII | Curve
~Log_Data | ~Log_Definition
~Log_Data[n] | ~Log_Definition[n]
```

The | (bar) delimiter must be used with the ~Log_Data section to comply with the new **Column Data** section title association rules. The association section title can be left off of the ~ASCII section title. The ~Curve section is then assumed to be the matching **Column Definition** section.

An example of the section contents might look like this.

3264.50000 -5.65000 146.25214 3.34967 2.74322 or

3264.50000,-5.65000,146.25214,3.34967,2.74322

The first channel of the **~ASCII** or **~Log_Data** section must be the index of the other channels. The index channel must be continuously increasing or decreasing.

Core Data Sections

Three new sections are designed to hold Core data.

~Core_Data, ~Core_Definition ~Core_Parameter are reserved LAS Ver 3.0 section names. Multiple sections can have Index extensions to each of the three sections ([1], [2] etc)

These sections are not mandatory. If any are present, then all must be present.

~Core_Parameter

The **~Core_Parameter** section is a **Parameter Data** section. All rules that apply to **Parameter Data** sections apply to this section.

The parameters associated with each group of core data are listed in the **~Core_Parameter** section. An example would look like this.

C_SRS		: C	ore Source	{s}
C_TY	•	: C	ore Type	{s}
C_DT	•	: R	ecovery Date (Date Core Cut)	{D}
C_TP	•Unit	: C	ore Top Depth	{F}
C_BS	•Unit	: C	ore Base Depth	{F}
C_RC	•Unit	: R	ecovered Amount (Length)	{F}
C_FM	•	: P	rimary Formation Cored	{s}
C_DI	•Unit	: C	ore Diameter	{F}
C_AC	•	: A	nalyzing Company	{s}
C_AD	•	: A	nalysis Date	{ ₽}

~Core_Definition

The **~Core_Definition** section is a **Column Definition** section. This section holds the **Column Definition**s for each of the data items in the **~Core_Data** section. The **Section Title line** must look exactly like this with possible [n] suffix as appropriate for multiple sections.

~Core_Definition

An example of the section contents might look like this.

CORT	•Unit	:	Core Top depth	{F}
CORB	.Unit	:	Core Bottom Depth	{F}
PERM	•Unit	:	Core permeability	{F}
CPOR	•Unit	:	Core porosity	{F}
OIL	•Unit	:	Core Oil saturation	{F}
SWTR	•Unit	:	Core water saturatio	$n \{F\}$
OILVO	L.Unit	:	Core oil volume	{F}
WTR	•Unit	:	Core water volume	{F}
CDES	•	:	Core description	{s}

~Core_Data

The **~Core_Data** section is a **Column Data** section. It holds the core data values. The **Section Title line** must look exactly like this with possible [n] suffix as appropriate for multiple sections.

~Core_Data | Core_Definition

An example of the section contents might look like this.

3460.0,3461.0,430.0,28.70,62.0,20.20,17.80,5.10,39.0,VfgrU slishy

Inclinometry Data Sections

Three new sections are designed to hold Inclinometry data.

~Inclinometry_Data, ~Inclinometry_Definition, ~Inclinometry_Parameter are reserved LAS Ver 3.0 section names. Multiple sections can have Index extensions to each of the three sections ([1], [2] etc)

These sections are not mandatory. If any are present, then all must be present.

~Inclinometry_Parameter

The **~Inclinometry_Parameter** section is a **Parameter Data** section. All rules that apply to **Parameter Data** sections apply to this section.

The parameters associated with each group of Inclinometry data are listed in the ~Inclinometry_Parameter section. An example would look like this.

I_DT	•	:	SURVEY_DATE	{D}
I_CO	•	:	Recording Company	{s}
I_RF	.Unit	:	Depth Datum Elevation (from MSL)	{F}
I_AT	•	:	Azimuth North Type (e.g. Grid/ True)	{s}
I_DC	•Unit	:	Magnetic Declination (if I_AT not magnetic)	{F}
I_КО	.Unit	:	Kickoff Depth (M.D. of kickoff point)	{F}
I_GD	•	:	Geodetic datum	{s}
I_ONS	•	:	N/S Offset of well ref point to top hole	{F}
I_OEW	•Unit	:	E/W Offset of well ref point to top hole	{F}

The following additional parameters are required if eastings and northings and/or TVD are supplied in the file

I_CP .	:	COMPUTE_METHOD (e.g. Radius of Curvature)	{s}
I_CS .	:	COORDINATE_SYSTEM_NAME eg UTM18N	{s}

~Inclinometry_Definition

The ~Inclinometry_Definition section is a **Column Definition** section. This section holds the Column Definitions for each of the data items in the ~Inclinometry_Data section. The **Section Title line** must look exactly like this with possible [n] suffix as appropriate for multiple sections.

~Inclinometry_Definition

An example of the section contents might look like this.

MD	•Unit	:	Measured Depth	${F}$
TVD	.unit	:	True Vertical Depth	{F}
AZIM	.unit	:	Borehole Azimuth	{F}
DEVI	.unit	:	Borehole Deviation	{F}
RB	.unit	:	Borehole Relative Bearing	{F}
NSDR	•unit	:	North-South Drift	{F}
EWDR	•unit	:	East-West Drift	{F}
CLSR	•unit	:	Closure (horizontal) length	{F}

~Inclinometry_Data

The **~Inclinometry_Data** section is a **Column Data** section. It holds the Inclinometry data values. The **Section Title line** must look exactly like this with possible [n] suffix as appropriate for multiple sections.

```
~Inclinometry_Data | Inclinometry_Definition
```

An example line in this section might look like this:

0.00,0.00,290.00,0.00,45, 100.00,100.00,234.00,0.00,45 200.00,198.34,284.86,1.43,45

Drilling Data Sections

Three new sections are designed to hold Drilling data.

~Drilling_Data, **~Drilling_Definition ~Drilling_Parameter** are reserved LAS Ver 3.0 section names. Multiple sections can have Index extensions to each of the three sections ([1], [2] etc)

These sections are not mandatory. If any are present, then all must be present.

~Drilling_Parameter

The *~Drilling_Parameter* section is a **Parameter Data** section. All rules that apply to **Parameter Data** sections apply to this section.

The parameters associated with each group of Drilling data are listed in the **~Drilling_Parameter** section. An example would look like this.

RIG . BIG RIG : Drilling Rig name CONTR . DLR DRILLING : Contractor

~Drilling_Definition

The **~Drilling_Definition** section is a **Column Definition** section. This section holds the Column Definitions for each of the data items in the ~Drilling_Data section. The **Section Title line** must look exactly like this with possible [n] suffix as appropriate for multiple sections.

~Drilling_Definition

An example of the section contents might look like this.

DDEP .unit	: Depth	{F}
DIST .unit	: Cumulative increment of drilling.	{F}
HRS .unit	: Hours of drilling	{F}
ROP .unit	: Rate of Penetration	{F}
WOB .unit	: Weight on bit	{F}
RPM .unit	: Rotations per minute	{F}
TQ .unit	: Torque on bit in amps	{F}
PUMP .unit	: Mud pump pressure	{F}
TSPM .unit	: Total strokes per minute	{F}
GPM .unit	: Gallons per minute	{F}
ECD .unit	: Effective circulation density	{F}
TBR .	: Total barrels returned	{F}

~Drilling_Data

The **~Drilling_Data** section is a **Column Data** section. It holds the Drilling data values. The **Section Title line** must look exactly like this with possible [n] suffix as appropriate for multiple sections.

```
~Drilling_Data | Drilling_Definition
```

An example line in this section might look like this:

322.02,1.02,0.0,24.0,3,59,111,1199,179, 879,8.73,39 323.05,2.05,0.1,37.5,2,69,118,1182,175, 861,8.73,202

Tops Data Sections

Three new sections are designed to hold Tops data.

~Tops_Data, ~Tops_Definition ~Tops_Parameter are reserved LAS Ver 3.0 section names. Multiple sections can have Index extensions to each of the three sections ([1], [2] etc)

These sections are not mandatory. If any are present, then all must be present.

~Tops_Parameter

The **~Tops_Parameter** section is a **Parameter Data** section. All rules that apply to **Parameter Data** sections apply to this section.

The parameters associated with each group of Tops data are listed in the **~Tops_Parameter** section. An example would look like this.

TOPSRC.	Logs	: Formation Tops source	{s}
TOPDR .	Subsea	: Formation Tops Depth Reference	{s}

~Tops_Definition

The **~Tops_Definition** section is a **Column Definition** section. This section holds the Column Definitions for each of the data items in the ~Tops_Data section. The **Section Title line** must look exactly like this with possible [n] suffix as appropriate for multiple sections.

~Tops_Definition

An example of the section contents might look like this.

TOPN .	: Formation Name	{s}
TOPT .Unit	: Formation Top Depth	${F}$
TOPB .Unit	: Formation Base Depth	{F}

~Tops_Data

The **~Tops_Data** section is a **Column Data** section. It holds the Tops data values. The **Section Title line** must look exactly like this with possible [n] suffix as appropriate for multiple sections.

~Tops_Data | Tops_Definition

An example line in this section might look like this:

```
Viking,1000,1010
Colony,1010.0,1020.5
Sparky,1020.5,1050
```

Test Data Sections

Three new sections are designed to hold Test data.

~Test_Data, ~Test_Definition ~Test_Parameter are reserved LAS Ver 3.0 section names. Multiple sections can have Index extensions to each of the three sections ([1], [2] etc)

These sections are not mandatory. If any are present, then all must be present.

~Test_Parameter

The **~Test_Parameter** section is a **Parameter Data** section. All rules that apply to **Parameter Data** sections apply to this section.

The parameters associated with each group of Test data are listed in the **~Test_Parameter** section. An example would look like this.

TESTT. DST :Test Type {S}

~Test_Definition

The **~Test_Definition** section is a **Column Definition** section. This section holds the Column Definitions for each of the data items in the **~Test_Data** section. The **Section Title line** must look exactly like this with possible [n] suffix as appropriate for multiple sections.

~Test_Definition

An example of the section contents might look like this.

Test data contained within the LAS 3.0 format are not intended as a replacement or substitute for the PAS (Pressure ASCII Standard,) but are included in order to facilitate the transfer of common test data annotations normally associated with petrophysical analysis presentations.

TSTN .	:TEST Number	{F}
TSTT .unit	:TEST Top Depth	{F}
TSTB .unit	:TEST Bottom Depth	{F}
DDES .	:TEST Recovery Description	
ISIP .unit	:Initial Shut in pressure	{F}
FSIP .unit	:Final Shut in pressure	${F}$
RATE .unit	:Production Rate	{F}
BLOWD.	:BLOW DESCRIPTION	{s}

~Test_Data

The **~Test_Data** section is a **Column Data** section. It holds the Test data values. The **Section Title line** must look exactly like this with possible [n] suffix as appropriate for multiple sections.

~Test_Data | Test_definition

An example line in this section might look like this:

1,1500,1505,50ft oil,13243,13350,10000,TSTM 2,2210,2235,0il to surface,21451,21500,10000,Air 3,2575,2589,Packer Failure,0,0,0,TSTM

LAS 3.0 Data Formats

LAS version 2 only allowed the use of floating point number format for data stored in the **vascri** section. Data stored in the **Value** field of any **Parameter Data** line was allowed to be either a floating point number or a string of text.

BS .unit 8.25 : Bit Size LMF. Kelly Bushing : Log Measured From

Ver 3.0 allows six formats types; Floating point, Integer, Exponential, String, Date and Time, Deg/min/sec

The optional (for floating point and String data types) format specification is placed inside a matched set of {} braces, that are placed after the DESCRIPTION field and before the ASSOCIATION | (bar) delimiter (if present) on any **Parameter Data** line or **Column Definition** line.

The format specification that appears on each line either refers to the data value on that line for **Parameter Data** lines, or to all data items of the corresponding channel in the **Column Data** section for **Column Definition** lines.

If no format field is included, then the old floating point rules apply for **Column Data** section channels. For **Parameter Data** lines, the absence of the format specification implies either String or Floating point format, depending on the value that is present. Typically an absence of units implies a string value, while the presence of units implies floating point. Since this is not a conclusive rule, the use of the format {} field on **Parameter Data** lines is strongly recommended, and required when formats other than String or Floating point are used.

The only exception to this rule is the format of the required **DATE** parameter in the **~Well** section. If the format specification is absent, the format of the date must be $\{DD/MM/YYY\}$.

The format specification must contain no embedded spaces. The only exception is if a format contains both a date and time specification such as {DD/MM/YYYY hh:mm}. Then a single space can be used between the date and time format.

Floating Point {Fx.y}

The floating point format begins with the F as the first character after the { (left brace). The optional x.y value is an decimal number > 0 that expresses the total length of the floating point number, and the number of decimals. x is the total length, while y is the number of decimal places. x must be at least equal to y+2 to be a valid format. The x.y value is optional, although if used then both x and y must appear.

If no specific format is used, then every data value must have at least one decimal place. It is customary that every number for this channel has the same number of decimals, even if padding zeros must be added.

If the number being presented has fewer digits than the format, then padding spaces are appended BEFORE the number. (- dash characters are used to show space characters in the examples)

12.4567 expressed with a format of: {F10.4} ---12.4567

If the number of decimal places in the format is more than the number has, then padding zero's are added to the end of the number.

12.45 expressed with a format of: {F10.4} ---12.4500

If the number of decimal places in the format is less than the number has, then the number is rounded to the specified number of decimals.

```
12.456 expressed with a format of: {F10.2} ----12.46
```

Integer {Ix}

The Integer format begins with the I as the first character after the { (left brace). The optional x value is an integer >0 that expresses the total length of the integer number. If x is specified, then ALL data items must be written using this number of characters, even if padding spaces must be added. If the x value is not specified, then Integer can be of any length. Valid examples are $\{12\}$ or $\{110\}$.

String {Sx}

The string format begins with the S as the first character after the { (left brace). This implies that the data it refers to is to interpreted as text. The optional x value is an integer >0 that expresses the total length of the string. If x is specified, then ALL data items must be written using this number of characters, even if padding spaces must be added, or extra characters removed. If the x value is not specified, then each text string can be of any length. Valid examples are {s} or {s32}.

Exponential {E0.00E+00}

The exponential format begins with the E as the first character after the $\{$ (left brace). The remainder of the format is the standard exponential format. The + (plus) indicates the placeholder for the sign (which may be + or – for any particular number) of the exponent. The number of zero's is not restricted in any part of the format. All numbers of the channel must be written with exactly this format. Leading padding spaces can be added as required.

Number	Format	Number using format
1230000	0.00E+00	1.23E+07
1230000	00.000E+00	12.345E+07

Date and Time {DD/MMM/YYYY hh:mm:ss}

The Date and time format uses ISO 8601 standards. The format includes both Dates (upper case letters) and Time (lower case letters) formats. Either can be used without the other, or both together.

Date

The Date format uses upper case D for days, upper case M for months, and upper case Y for years. The number of each of these letters determines the exact format.

D –	Day number expressed as single digit (1-9) or 2 digit (10-31)
DD –	Day number expressed as 2 digit (01-31)

M –	Month expressed as single digit (1-9) or 2 digit (10-12)
MM -	Month expressed as two number code (01 - 12)
MMM –	Month expressed as three character month word (JAN FEB etc)
MMMM -	Month expressed as full month word (January, etc)

YYYY – Year expressed as full 4 digit year. This is the only year format acceptable for LAS 3.0 $\,$

The delimiters can be – (dash ASCII 45) or / (forward slash ASCII 47). No spaces are allowed within the date format.

Time

The Time Format uses lower case letter, h for hours, m for minutes, and s for seconds. This is the only occurrence of case sensitivity in LAS 3.0

hh –	Two digit hours, (00-24)
mm –	two digit minutes, (00-59)
ss –	two digit seconds (00-59)

The delimiters between hours minutes and sections can only be the : (colon). No spaces are allowed within the time format.

The Time format can be hh, hh:mm or hh:mm:ss LAS 3.0 File Structure Specifications -- Page # 24 The Date and time format (if both are used) must be separated by at least one space

Degree Minute Seconds { ° ' "}

The format for Latitude and Longitude type may be expressed using the degree, minute and second symbols as shown in this example.

23.45° 34.06' 58.19"

The three special symbols ° (ASCII 176) degree, ' (ASCII 39) single quote, and " (ASCII 34) double quotes. All three must be used when using this format.

Alternately, simple decimal degrees is also accepted. This would represented by the floating point format $\{F\}$.

Three Dimension Data Arrays in Column Data sections

Three dimensional arrays don't naturally fit into a decidedly two dimensional ASCII file. The data in the third dimension often has another index or reference than the data in the other dimension.

LAS 3.0 provides a way to define this third dimension.

Consider an example of an **~ASCII** section containing the usual two dimensional data, in this example with two data channels measured at each depth. They are differentiated here with different font.

~ASCII	Chan1	Chan2
1000.0	1.23	222.45
1001.0	1.56	245.09
1002.0	3.45	257.81

Consider the case where CHAN1 was measured five times will the logging sensor was stationary at each depth level. These five measurements are the data items in the third dimension, with in this case, an index of TIME.

The first dimension is depth (the first column). The second dimension is the time index of each data sample at that depth, and the third dimension is each of the measurements of each channel while at that one depth at each time step.

LAS 3.0 defines a convention that allows three dimensional data to be stored as two dimensional data.

In our example where **CHAN1** had five different measurements taken while stopped at each of the depths (first column), the five measurements are just listed as additional channels next to the first.

The CHAN1 data value (1.23) is the first measurement that you expect for each channel, and the other four remaining channels are the remaining measurements taken in time while at each depth. The other data channel, CHAN2, just falls normally after the five three dimensional array values of CHAN1 channels.

~ASCII	Chan1	Chan1	Chan1	Chan1	Chan1	Chan2
1000.0	1.23	1.24	1.25	1.24	1.20	222.45
1001.0	1.56	1.57	1.58	1.59	1.55	245.09
1002.0	3.45	3.24	3.25	3.24	3.20	257.81

The **Column Definition** section for this **Column Data** section is used to indicate which channels are members of the 3D array, and which are regular 2D components. We just add additional information to each line of the array channels in the **Column Definition** section that determines which channels are members of a 3D array.

This additional information needs to record to pieces of information;

- 1. This channel is a member of a 3D array.
- 2. The index and spacing for this channel. Each sample may be distributed with time, or distance, or rotational angle, or may just be a non-indexed list.

Rather than introducing a new indicator, the Format field {} is used. We use a special Format character, **A**, to indicate that a channel is a member of an array. If a regular format character (**F**, **I**, **S E** or **Dates/Time**) is also needed, then add the Format specification immediately after the **A**, like {**AF10.4**}. The **A** must always be the first character in the format specification if it is used.

The index or spacing of each array member may also be recorded within the format specification. Use the ; (semicolon) delimiter to list the spacing and its units, after the **a** and the format specification, like this;

{AF10.4;5ms}

This says that this array element is spaced 5 milliseconds after the first array element. Additional indexes are possible. Just add another ; (semicolon), then the next index, like {AF10.4;5ms;10ft}.

Each channel's name is the same for each member of the array, as each array member is the same channel. To indicate the difference, each name has the [] index suffix appended with the sequential index number within the brackets..

CHAN[1].Unit	: Description	$\{\texttt{AF10.4;0ms}\}$
CHAN[2].Unit		{AF10.4;5ms}
CHAN[3].Unit	: Description	{AF10.4;10ms}
CHAN[4].Unit	: Description	{AF10.4;15ms}
CHAN[5].Unit	: Description	{AF10.4;20ms}

This [] marker is not part of the channel name. It is another way of saying this channel is a member of an array. The number in the [] indicates the counter of the array that it is part of.

Channels that are members of a 3D array, must occur sequentially from [1] to [n], with no other channels intermixed. Different sets of 3D array channels can occur before, mixed with or after regular two dimensional data channels, but each set must be continuous within itself.

Section Title Arrays

It is now possible to have more than one of any ~ (tilde) section, with the exception of the ~Version, ~Well, ~Parameter, ~Curve and ~Ascii sections.

To have more than one section with the same section title as another section, each section title must be suffixed with the array index brackets, [], containing a sequential number, beginning with 1.

~Log_Data[1] | Log_Definition ~Log_Data[2] | Log_Definition

Note that in this case, both **Column Data** sections share the same **Column Definition** section. This just means that they have the same type of data in each column. There is no need to have one **Column Data** sections for every **Column Definition** section if the data contained in each column are indeed identical in all **Column Data** sections.

If they had any difference in column order, name, units, formats etc, then each would need their own **Column Definition** section. In this case, each **Column Definition** section would also need [] index suffixes.

```
~Log_Data[1] | Log_Definition[1]
~Log_Data[2] | Log_Definition[2]
```

If there are matching **Parameter Data** sections for each **Column Data** section, then they too must get the same [x] index suffix.

```
~Log_Parameter[1]
~Log_Parameter[2]
```

(Note that for Log or ASCII data section, Parameter Data sections are required)

These rules apply to any section title (with the above exceptions).

Parameter Data Line Arrays

If you have two identical mnemonics in the same **Parameter Data** section, then you have two choices.

1. Add different association parameters, such as for run differentiation if this is the reason for having multiple occurrences.

BS	•UNIT	8.75 : BIT SIZE	RUN [1]
BS	•UNIT	6.25 : BIT SIZE	RUN [2]

2. Add sequential index suffixes [n] to each. The association parameters are then optional, and should be used if appropriate to the application.

BS [1]	•UNIT	8.75 : BIT SIZE	RUN [1]
BS[2]	• UNIT	6.25 : BIT SIZE	RUN [2]

See the section on **Association in LAS 3.0** for further examples and details of these techniques.

Index numbers must begin with 1 and must be sequential. They do not have to appear sequentially in the file however.

Associations in LAS 3.0

LAS 3.0 defines several association arrangements to handle the following types of situations. Associations allow you to connect one piece of data to another.

Often one piece of information in a LAS file is directly related to another piece of data. A common example is the matrix density value (SAND, LIME or DOLO density) which was used to convert Bulk Density data to Density Porosity. To connect the two, we simply add the related mnemonic to the end of the **Parameter Data** or **Column Definition** line (after a new delimiter) that relates to it.

Parameter line found in **~Parameter** section

MDEN .K/M3 2650 : Matrix Density

Channel definition line in ~Curve section, that depends on MDEN

DPHI .V/V Log Code : Density Porosity | MDEN

In any case, you must never specify a circular set of associations. That is, the association mnemonic used on one **Parameter Data** line, must not have as its association parameter, the mnemonic found on that line. Below **MDEN** points to DPHI and DPHI points to **MDEN**!

Wrong!

MDEN .K/M3 2650 : Matrix Density DPHI

DPHI .V/V Log Code : Density Porosity MDEN

The following examples are only guidelines of what can be accomplished with Associations. It is expected many other uses will be found.

Note that several of the parameter mnemonics used in the examples are now reserved LAS 3.0 mnemonics which are intended to be used as shown in these examples. See Appendix II.

Example 1. Storing Multiple Runs

To indicate multiple sets of any **Parameter Data** section parameters that may have come from more than one logging run, LAS 3.0 defines the following technique.

~Parameter		
RUNS .	2	: # of Runs described in this file
RUN[1].	2	: Run number
RUN[2].	3	: Run number

The value must be equal to the number of runs being described in the file.

Note: If a single run is described, it is not necessary to include or use the **RUNS** or **RUN**[] parameter or associations. The **RUN** parameter should indicate the run number.

The **RUN**[] parameters (one line per run) defines the run number for each logging run. Since there are multiple **RUN** parameters, you must use the [] index counters.

Now for any parameter in a **Parameter Data** section that is associated with each run, add the matching **RUN**[] parameter name after the | (bar) delimiter.

BS	•UNIT	8.75 : BIT SIZE	RUN [1]
BS	• UNIT	6.25 : BIT SIZE	RUN [2]

This then states that the first BS value applies to the run found in the value of the RUN[1] parameter found else where in the file (2 in this case).

Now two or more complete sets of run specific parameters can be included in a single **~Parameter** section for example.

Example 2. Column Data Channel Matrix Identification

Often there are critical parameters that are connected with certain logging data types, such as the matrix (SAND, LIME, DOLO) that was used to compute density or Neutron porosity, or environmental correction settings applied.

This becomes even more important if there are more than one of the same type of porosity channel.

Begin by building **Parameter Data** lines that describe each of the values for each applicable parameter. This example defines two sets of matrix parameters for Neutron, density and sonic porosity channels.

#Service Company	specific	Parameters
MATR[1] .	SAND	: Neutron Porosity Matrix
MDEN[1] .KG/M3	2650	: Density Porosity Matrix
DTMA[1] .US/M	182	: Sonic Porosity Matrix
MATR[2] .	LIME	: Neutron Porosity Matrix
MDEN[2] .KG/M3	2710	: Density Porosity Matrix
DTMA[2] .US/M	156	: Sonic Porosity Matrix
MATR[3] .	DOLO	: Neutron Porosity Matrix
MDEN[3] .KG/M3	2870	: Density Porosity Matrix
DTMA[3] .US/M	142	: Sonic Porosity Matrix

Now, in the **Column Definition** Section where each channel is defined, append the appropriate parameter name as an association parameter.

~Curve

NEUT1 .V/V DENS1 .V/V SPOR1 .V/V	: Neutron Poro : Density Poro : Sonic Porosi	sity MDEN[1]
NEUT2 .V/V DENS2 .V/V SPOR2 .V/V	: Neutron Poro : Density Poro : Sonic Porosi	sity MDEN[2]

Now it is clear which channel was run on which matrix.

Example 3. Parameter Zoning

Associations are also used for zoning parameters. Zoning allows you to indicate that certain parameters have a certain value over a certain zone (depth interval), or that certain data channels in a **Column Data** section have certain input parameter values over certain intervals.

You need to define parameter(s) that define the zone interval(s). The Value of the parameter(s) will have two values, separated by the DLM character, indicating the starting and ending depth of this zone.

In this example, matrix parameters for Neutron, Density and sonic channels have different values over two intervals.

First define parameters that list the depths of each zone for each parameter involved.

NMAT_DEPTH [1].unit	D1,D2	: Neutron Matrix Depth interval
NMAT_DEPTH[2].unit	D2,D3	: Neutron Matrix Depth interval
<pre>DMAT_DEPTH[1].unit</pre>	D1,D2	: Density Matrix Depth interval
<pre>DMAT_DEPTH[2].unit</pre>	D2,D3	: Density Matrix Depth interval
<pre>SMAT_DEPTH[1].unit</pre>	D1,D2	: Sonic Matrix Depth interval
<pre>SMAT_DEPTH[2].unit</pre>	D2,D3	: Sonic Matrix Depth interval

Then define parameters that list the various values of the parameters in each depth interval or zone. Add as associations the parameters that contain the depth interval that applies to each parameter value.

MATR[1] .	SAND : Neutron Porosity Matrix	NMAT_DEPTH[1]
MDEN[1] .KG/M3	2650 : Density Porosity Matrix	DMAT_DEPTH[1]
DTMA[1] .US/M	182 : Sonic Porosity Matrix	SMAT_DEPTH[1]
		•
MATR[2] .	LIME : Neutron Porosity Matrix	NMAT_DEPTH[2]
MDEN[2] .KG/M3	2710 : Density Porosity Matrix	DMAT_DEPTH[2]
DTMA[2] .US/M	156 : Sonic Porosity Matrix	SMAT DEPTH[2]
	130 . SOULC FOLOSILY MALLIA	SMAI DEFIN[2]

This associates each parameter value with the interval over which it applies.

As a final optional step, add each matrix parameter name as an associated parameter to each **Column Definition** line.

~Curve

NEUT .V/V	: Neutron Porosity	<pre>MATR[1], MATR[2]</pre>
DENS .V/V	: Density Porosity	MDEN[1]
SPOR .V/V	: Sonic Porosity	DTMA [1]

This excerpt from a ~Curve section indicates that NEUT channel has two associated values of **MATR** over two different zones, while DENS and SPOR have only one matrix value that applies to the entire file.

Column Data and Column Definition Section Associations

LAS 3.0 defines several new types of data that can be stored. To assist with understanding which **Column Definition** section belongs to which **Column Data** section, each **Column Data** section title line uses the association scheme to clearly indicate which **Column Definition** section it belongs with.

See full descriptions of the techniques in **Detailed Section Structure Rules**, **Section Title lines**, earlier in this document

Adding User Defined Data and Sections

Users can define and include their own data into Ver 3.0 LAS files.

First the user needs to decide how his data relates to the previously defined data types for LAS 3.0. If they fit in within a preexisting data type, they must be placed in that section type. Add addition sections to existing section using the [1] [2] index extensions rather than creating your own.

If the data being added does not fall into one of predefined data types, then new sections may be defined.

New **Column Data** sections must be accompanied by a matching **Column Definition** section. Optionally, a matching **Parameter Data** section can be defined that contains individual related data items to that which are stored in the new **Column Data** section.

These sections must conform to the same rules for section naming and content as all **Parameter Data, Column Definition** and **Column Data** sections.

~User_Data ~User_Definition ~User_Parameter

Standalone _Parameter sections can also be used for unrelated one-dimensional or single item data. Be sure the data placed in these sections does not belong to one of the other data types stored in the file.

Appendix I: Example Ver 3.0 LAS files.

Note! Ver 3.0 specifications are preliminary! Do not assume they will not change. # This is strictly an example to illustrate the proposed changes!

-Version VMLS: 3.0 : CMLS LOG ASCII STANDARD - VERSION 3.0 MULP: NO : OWE LINE PER DEFIN STEP FERRENUMET ENTRY ENTRY ENTRY STEP FERRENUMET ENTRY ENTRY ENTRY STEP FERRENUMET ENTRY ENTRY ENTRY ENTRY ENTRY STEP FERRENUMET ENTRY ENT	# INIS IS SU	ricciy an example to illust	rate the proposed changes!
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-Weiling DATA DESCRIPTION TTT - % 1660.1250 : First index value TTT - % 0.1250 : STP NULL - -999.25 : STP STC - ANY DECONNY INC. : SUML VALUE STC - ANY LOCING COMPANY INC. : SUML VALUE STC - ANY LOCING COMPANY INC. : SERVICE COMPANY STC - ANY LOCING COMPANY INC. : SERVICE COMPANY STC - ANY LOCING COMPANY INC. : SERVICE COMPANY STC - ANY LOCING COMPANY INC. : SERVICE COMPANY DAT - IAIDACAMANY INC. : SERVICE COMPANY CTRY - CA : COUNTRY PROV - ALESETA : DECONTRE UPA - 10010200304950 : SERVICE CONTANY DEC - 10213456 : SERVICE CONTANY GAT - NADB3 : SECONTRE ICON - 10123456 : SECONTRE <			
<pre>PMNEM.UNIT DATA DESCRIPTION STRT M 1660.1550 : First Index Value STT M 1660.1550 : First Index Value STT M 1660.1550 : Last Index Value STT M 1660.1550 : Last Index Value STT M 1660.1550 : Last Index Value STT M 1000.20000MST INC. STT MALL STT M ST PARAMETER STT MALL ST MALL ST PARAMETER STT MALL ST MALL ST PARAMETER STT MALL ST MA</pre>		COMMA : DELIMITING CHAR	ACTER (SPACE TAB OR COMMA)
STEP .M 0.1250 : STEP NULL - -999.25 : NULL VALUE WELL : MAY GT A. 0.102-0.44 : FIELD NULL : .1.2-3-448M : COMPANY SRVC: NAY GT A. 0.102-0.44 : SERVICE COMPANY DATE : 13/12/1986 : SERVICE COMPANY SRVC: NAY GT A. 0.102-0.44 : SERVICE COMPANY DATE : 13/12/1986 : SERVICE COMPANY CTRY : CA : COUNTRY PROV: ALBETA : PEOVINCE URI : 100010203044500 :: URIQUE WELL DD LLC : 0123456 :: LICENSE NUMBER CORT : NADE3 :: VELOCATION GONT : NADE3 :: VELOCATION CORT : NADE3 :: RECRIPTION #=	~Well #MNEM.UNIT #	DATA	
STEP .M 0.1250 : STEP NULL - -999.25 : NULL VALUE WELL : NUT CAUDANT DR. : COMPANY DATE : 13/12/1986 : SERVICE COMPANY SRVC: ANY CTAL STANDARD : SERVICE COMPANY DATE : 13/12/1986 : SERVICE COMPANY CTRY : CA : COUNTRY PHOV : ALBETA : DESCRIPTION ''UNI : 10010102003044500 : UNINCES LART : 45.379 12' 58' : X LOCATION LART : 45.379 12' 58' : X LOCATION CORT : NADB3 : COUNTRY PDAT : GL : : Permanent Data APD : 4.2 : Number of the indexed RIN [] RUN : 1 : RUN NUBE' : S of RUN for this well. [] RUN : 1 : RUN NUBE' : S of RUN for this well. [] RUN : 1 : RUN NUBE' : RUN NUBE' PEAT : 22. : S of RUN for this well. [] <tr< td=""><td>STRT .M</td><td>1660.1250</td><td></td></tr<>	STRT .M	1660.1250	
COMP : ANY OLL COMPANY INC. : COMPANY PEL : ANY EX AL 01-02-03-04 : FILD DOT: . 11-2-1-AWN DATE : 13/12/386 COMPANY INC. : DOT COMPANY DATE : 13/12/386 COMPANY INC. : DEVICE COMPANY DATE : 13/12/386 COMPANY INC. : DEVICE COMPANY DATE : 13/12/386 COMPANY INC. : DEVICE COMPANY PROV : ALBERTA : PROVINCE UNI : 10001000304W500 : DUTONS MUMBR LLT : 0123456 COMPANY INC. : NUTONS LLT : 0123456 ANY 0123457 COMPANY INC. : X LOCATION GAT : NAD83 -Parameter PNEW.UNIT VALUE DESCRIPTION 			
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<pre>PROV : ALBERTA :: PROVINCE UNI : 100012000304WS00 :: UNIQUE WELL ID LIC :: 00123456 :: LICENSE NUMBERE LATI : 45.37° 12' 58' :: X LOCATION GORT : NADES -Parameter #NEMLUNIT : VALUE DESCRIPTION #</pre>	DATE .	13/12/1986	: Service DATE {DD/MM/YYYY}
LATI . 45.37° 12′ 58' : X LOCATION LONG . 13.22° 30′ 09' : Geodelic Datum -Parameter HNDEM.UNIT . VALUE DESCRIPTION H			: COUNTRY
LATI . 45.37° 12′ 58' : X LOCATION LONG . 13.22° 30′ 09' : Geodelic Datum -Parameter HNDEM.UNIT . VALUE DESCRIPTION H	PROV . UWT .	ALBERTA 100010200304W500	
LONG 13.22° 30° 0° : Y LOCATION GDAT NAD83 : Geodetic Datum -Parameter HMERLUNIT VALUE DESCRIPTION #	LIC .	0123456	
-Parameter #MEMEN.UNIT VALUE DESCRIPTION #Treaded of the indexed parameters PD47: GC : Permanent Data APD .M 4.2 : Above Permanent Data DP48: KD : Depth Reference (KB,DF,CB) EKFF.M 234.5 : Elevation of Depth Reference RUW . 1 : Run Number PDefined Run Related parameters RUNS1: 2 : # 0f Runs for this well. [] RUN[2]: 3 : Number of the indexed RUM [] RUN[1]: 2 : # 0 : Number of the indexed RUM [] RUN[2]: 3 : Number of the indexed RUM [] RUN[2]: 3 : Number of the indexed RUM [] RUN_Depth[].M 1500.0.550.0 : Run 1 Depth Interval [F] RUNN_Depth[].M 1500.0.551.0 : Run 2 Depth Interval [F] RUN_Depth[].M 1500.0.551.0 : Neutron Matrix Depth interval [F] RUN_Depth[].M 1500.0.551.0 : Density Matrix Depth interval [F] RUM_Depth[].M 1500.2500 : Neutron Matrix Depth interval [F] RUM_Depth[].M 1500.251.0 : Density Matrix Depth interval [F] RUM_Depth[].M 1500.2500 : Neutron Parisi Rum RUM PD4 RUN_Depth[].M 1500.2500 : Neutron Matrix Depth interval [F] RUM_Depth[].M 1500.2500 : Neutron Parisi RUM	LATI .	45.37° 12' 58"	
-Parameter #MEMEN.UNIT VALUE DESCRIPTION #Treaded of the indexed parameters PD47: GC : Permanent Data APD .M 4.2 : Above Permanent Data DP48: KD : Depth Reference (KB,DF,CB) EKFF.M 234.5 : Elevation of Depth Reference RUW . 1 : Run Number PDefined Run Related parameters RUNS1: 2 : # 0f Runs for this well. [] RUN[2]: 3 : Number of the indexed RUM [] RUN[1]: 2 : # 0 : Number of the indexed RUM [] RUN[2]: 3 : Number of the indexed RUM [] RUN[2]: 3 : Number of the indexed RUM [] RUN_Depth[].M 1500.0.550.0 : Run 1 Depth Interval [F] RUNN_Depth[].M 1500.0.551.0 : Run 2 Depth Interval [F] RUN_Depth[].M 1500.0.551.0 : Neutron Matrix Depth interval [F] RUN_Depth[].M 1500.0.551.0 : Density Matrix Depth interval [F] RUM_Depth[].M 1500.2500 : Neutron Matrix Depth interval [F] RUM_Depth[].M 1500.251.0 : Density Matrix Depth interval [F] RUM_Depth[].M 1500.2500 : Neutron Parisi Rum RUM PD4 RUN_Depth[].M 1500.2500 : Neutron Matrix Depth interval [F] RUM_Depth[].M 1500.2500 : Neutron Parisi RUM	LONG . GDAT .	13.22° 30' 09" NAD83	
<pre>MMEM_UNIT VALUE DESCRIPTION #</pre>			
<pre>MMEM_UNIT VALUE DESCRIPTION #</pre>	~Parameter		
<pre>Provided Parameters PDAT. GL : Permanent Data PROP. GL : Permanent Data PAD .M 4.2 : Above Permanent Data PROP. KB : Depth Reference (KB,DF,GB) PREF .K 234.5 : Elevation of Depth Reference RUN . 1 : Run Number #Defined Run Related parameters RUNS . 2 : % of Runs for this well. [I] RUN[1]. 2 : % unber of the indexed RUN [I] RUN[2]. 3 : Number of the indexed RUN [I] RUN_Depth[1].M 0.0.1500.0 : Run 1 Depth Interval {P} #Parameters that are zoned. NMAT_Depth[2].M 1500.0,2513.0 : Run 2 Depth Interval {P} RUNS . 2.3.500 : Neutron Matrix Depth interval {P} #Parameters that are zoned. NMAT_Depth[2].M 1500.2500 : Neutron Matrix Depth interval {P} PMAT_Depth[2].M 1500.2500 : Neutron Matrix Depth interval {P} PMAT_Depth[2].M 1510.2510 : Density Matrix Depth interval {P} PMAT_Depth[2].M 1510.2510 : Neutron Porosity Matrix NMAT_Depth[2] MATR[1]. SAND : Neutron Porosity Matrix NMAT_Depth[2] MDEN[2].RG(M3 2710 : DTT PFLR[2].M 500.100 : DTT PFLR[2].M 500.100 : DTH PFLR[4].M 500.100 : NMR[1] PFLR[4].M 500</pre>	#MNEM.UNIT	VALUE	
DDAT.GL: Permanent DataAPD.M4.2Above Permanent DataDREF.KB: Depth Reference (KB, DF, CB)RUN1: Run Number#Defined Run Related parametersRUNS.2RUNS.2: # of Runs for this well.[I]RUN[1].2: Number of the indexed RUN[I]RUN[2].3: Number of the indexed RUN[I]RUN_Depth[1].M0.0,1500.0: Run 1 Depth Interval {F}#Parameters that are zoned.: NuAT_Depth[1].M523,1500: Neutron Matrix Depth interval {F}DMAT_Depth[2].M1500,2510.3: Density Matrix Depth interval {F}DMAT_Depth[2].M1500,2510: Density Matrix Depth interval {F}DMAT_Depth[2].M1510,2510: Density Matrix Depth interval {F}MATR[1].SAND: Neutron Porosity MatrixNMAT_Depth[1]MATR[1].SAND: Neutron Porosity MatrixNMAT_Depth[1]MATR[1].SAND: Neutron Porosity MatrixDMAT_Depth[1]MDEN[1].KG/M32650: Neutron Porosity MatrixDMAT_Depth[1]MDEN[2].KG/M32710: Neutron Porosity MatrixDMAT_Depth[2]#Defined First/Last channel readings parametersRFL.K[1].MS00,100 : NR[1]RFL.R[3].M510,100 : NRR[1]: RLR[3].RLR[4].MFR_LR[1].M510,100 : NRR[1]: RNLDepth[1]RTLR[4].MS10,100 : NRR[5]: Rotal Depth DillerRUN_Depth[1]CSGL.M: Casing Bottom LoggerRUN_Depth[1]RDM: G			
<pre>RUN . 1 : RUN Number #Defined Run Related parameters RUNS . 2 : # of Runs for this well. [I] RUN[1]. 2 : Number of the indexed RUN [I] RUN[2]. 3 : Number of the indexed RUN [I] RUN_2]. 3 : Number of the indexed RUN [I] RUN_Depth[2].M 1500.0.2513.0 : Run 1 Depth Interval [F] #Parameters that are zoned. NMAT_Depth[1].M 523.1510 : Neutron Matrix Depth interval [F] MAT_Depth[1].M 523.1510 : Density Matrix Depth interval [F] DMAT_Depth[2].M 1510.2510 : Density Matrix Depth interval [F] DMAT_Depth[2].M 1510.2510 : Density Matrix Depth interval [F] MATR[1]. SAND : Neutron Porosity Matrix [NMAT_Depth[1] MATR[2]. LIME : Neutron Porosity Matrix [NMAT_Depth[2] MATT_Depth[2].M 523.1510 : Neutron Porosity Matrix [NMAT_Depth[2] MATT_Depth[2]. LIME : Neutron Porosity Matrix [NMAT_Depth[2] MATT_Depth[2]. KIMS 2650 : Neutron Porosity Matrix [NMAT_Depth[2] MDEN[1].KG/M3 2650 : Neutron Porosity Matrix [DMAT_Depth[2] MDEN[1].KG/M3 2650 : Neutron Porosity Matrix [DMAT_Depth[2] MDEN[1].KG/M3 2650 : Neutron Porosity Matrix [DMAT_Depth[2] #Defined First/Last channel readings parameters FR_LE[1].M 500,100 : [DPH FR_LE[3].M 520,100 : [NMR[1] FR_LE[3].M 520,100 : [NMR[1] FR_LE[3].M 510,100 : [NMR[1] FR_LE[3].M 510,100 : [NMR[1] FR_LE[3].M 510,100 : [NMR[3] FR_LE[3].M 510,100 : [NMR[4] FR_LE[3].M 510,100 : [NMR[5] #Required parameters for AEUB compliance (but not LAS compliance TUD .M : Total Depth Logger RUN_Depth[1] CSGU .KG/M : Casing Bottom Logger RUN_Depth[1] CSGU .KG/M : Casing Bottom Driller RUN_Depth[1] CSGU .KG/M : Casing Bottom Driller RUN_Depth[1] CSGU .KG/M : Casing Bottom Logger RUN_Depth[1] RUN_Depth[1] RUN_CS : Mud type RUN_Depth[1] RUN_DEPth[1]</pre>	#Required Par PDAT .	GL : Permanent Data	
<pre>RUN . 1 : RUN Number #Defined Run Related parameters RUNS . 2 : # of Runs for this well. [I] RUN[1]. 2 : Number of the indexed RUN [I] RUN[2]. 3 : Number of the indexed RUN [I] RUN_2]. 3 : Number of the indexed RUN [I] RUN_Depth[2].M 1500.0.2513.0 : Run 1 Depth Interval [F] #Parameters that are zoned. NMAT_Depth[1].M 523.1510 : Neutron Matrix Depth interval [F] MAT_Depth[1].M 523.1510 : Density Matrix Depth interval [F] DMAT_Depth[2].M 1510.2510 : Density Matrix Depth interval [F] DMAT_Depth[2].M 1510.2510 : Density Matrix Depth interval [F] MATR[1]. SAND : Neutron Porosity Matrix [NMAT_Depth[1] MATR[2]. LIME : Neutron Porosity Matrix [NMAT_Depth[2] MATT_Depth[2].M 523.1510 : Neutron Porosity Matrix [NMAT_Depth[2] MATT_Depth[2]. LIME : Neutron Porosity Matrix [NMAT_Depth[2] MATT_Depth[2]. KIMS 2650 : Neutron Porosity Matrix [NMAT_Depth[2] MDEN[1].KG/M3 2650 : Neutron Porosity Matrix [DMAT_Depth[2] MDEN[1].KG/M3 2650 : Neutron Porosity Matrix [DMAT_Depth[2] MDEN[1].KG/M3 2650 : Neutron Porosity Matrix [DMAT_Depth[2] #Defined First/Last channel readings parameters FR_LE[1].M 500,100 : [DPH FR_LE[3].M 520,100 : [NMR[1] FR_LE[3].M 520,100 : [NMR[1] FR_LE[3].M 510,100 : [NMR[1] FR_LE[3].M 510,100 : [NMR[1] FR_LE[3].M 510,100 : [NMR[3] FR_LE[3].M 510,100 : [NMR[4] FR_LE[3].M 510,100 : [NMR[5] #Required parameters for AEUB compliance (but not LAS compliance TUD .M : Total Depth Logger RUN_Depth[1] CSGU .KG/M : Casing Bottom Logger RUN_Depth[1] CSGU .KG/M : Casing Bottom Driller RUN_Depth[1] CSGU .KG/M : Casing Bottom Driller RUN_Depth[1] CSGU .KG/M : Casing Bottom Logger RUN_Depth[1] RUN_Depth[1] RUN_CS : Mud type RUN_Depth[1] RUN_DEPth[1]</pre>	APD .M	4.2 : Above Permanen	t Data e (KB DE CB)
<pre>RUN . 1 : RUN Number #Defined Run Related parameters RUNS . 2 : # of Runs for this well. [I] RUN[1]. 2 : Number of the indexed RUN [I] RUN[2]. 3 : Number of the indexed RUN [I] RUN_2]. 3 : Number of the indexed RUN [I] RUN_Depth[2].M 1500.0.2513.0 : Run 1 Depth Interval [F] #Parameters that are zoned. NMAT_Depth[1].M 523.1510 : Neutron Matrix Depth interval [F] MAT_Depth[1].M 523.1510 : Density Matrix Depth interval [F] DMAT_Depth[2].M 1510.2510 : Density Matrix Depth interval [F] DMAT_Depth[2].M 1510.2510 : Density Matrix Depth interval [F] MATR[1]. SAND : Neutron Porosity Matrix [NMAT_Depth[1] MATR[2]. LIME : Neutron Porosity Matrix [NMAT_Depth[2] MATT_Depth[2].M 523.1510 : Neutron Porosity Matrix [NMAT_Depth[2] MATT_Depth[2]. LIME : Neutron Porosity Matrix [NMAT_Depth[2] MATT_Depth[2]. KIMS 2650 : Neutron Porosity Matrix [NMAT_Depth[2] MDEN[1].KG/M3 2650 : Neutron Porosity Matrix [DMAT_Depth[2] MDEN[1].KG/M3 2650 : Neutron Porosity Matrix [DMAT_Depth[2] MDEN[1].KG/M3 2650 : Neutron Porosity Matrix [DMAT_Depth[2] #Defined First/Last channel readings parameters FR_LE[1].M 500,100 : [DPH FR_LE[3].M 520,100 : [NMR[1] FR_LE[3].M 520,100 : [NMR[1] FR_LE[3].M 510,100 : [NMR[1] FR_LE[3].M 510,100 : [NMR[1] FR_LE[3].M 510,100 : [NMR[3] FR_LE[3].M 510,100 : [NMR[4] FR_LE[3].M 510,100 : [NMR[5] #Required parameters for AEUB compliance (but not LAS compliance TUD .M : Total Depth Logger RUN_Depth[1] CSGU .KG/M : Casing Bottom Logger RUN_Depth[1] CSGU .KG/M : Casing Bottom Driller RUN_Depth[1] CSGU .KG/M : Casing Bottom Driller RUN_Depth[1] CSGU .KG/M : Casing Bottom Logger RUN_Depth[1] RUN_Depth[1] RUN_CS : Mud type RUN_Depth[1] RUN_DEPth[1]</pre>	EREF .M 2	234.5 : Elevation of D	epth Reference
RUNS2:# of Runs for this well.[I] RUN[1].RUN[1].2:Number of the indexed RUN[I]RUN[2].3:Number of the indexed RUN[I]RUN_Depth[1].M0.0,1500.0: Run 1 Depth Interval {F}#Parameters that are zoned.:NMAT_Depth[1].M523,1500: Neutron Matrix Depth interval {F}MMAT_Depth[1].M523,1510: Density Matrix Depth interval {F}DMAT_Depth[2].M1500,0,2500: Neutron Matrix Depth interval {F}DMAT_Depth[2].M523,1510: Density Matrix Depth interval {F}DMAT_Depth[2].M1510,2510: Density Matrix Depth interval {F}MATR[1].SAND: Neutron Porosity Matrix! NMAT_Depth[2]MATR[2].LIME: Neutron Porosity Matrix! NMAT_Depth[2]MDEN[1].KG/M32650: Neutron Porosity Matrix! DMAT_Depth[2]MDEN[1].KG/M32710: Neutron Porosity Matrix! DMAT_Depth[2]#Defined First/Last channel readings parametersFR_LR[3].MS00,100:FR_LR[3].M500,100:! DT! PR_LR[3].MFR_LR[4].M500,100:! NMR[1]FR_LR[5].M: CDES! RN_LPepth[1]FR_LR[6].MS10,100:! NMR[3]FR_LR[9].MS10,100:! NMR[4]FR_LR[9].M: Total Depth DrillerRUN_Depth[1]CSGL M: Casing Bottom LoggerRUN_Depth[1]CSGL M: Casing SizeRUN_Depth[1]GSGL MM: Casing SizeRUN_Depth[1]B.MM: Bit SizeRUN_Depth[1]<	RUN .	1 : Run Number	
RUN_Depth[1].M 0.0,1500.0 : Run 1 Depth Interval {F} RUN_Depth[2].M 1500.0,2513.0 : Run 2 Depth Interval {F} #Parameters that are zoned. NMAT_Depth[1].M 523,1500 : Neutron Matrix Depth interval {F} NMAT_Depth[1].M 523,1510 : Density Matrix Depth interval {F} DMAT_Depth[2].M 1500,2510 : Density Matrix Depth interval {F} DMAT_Depth[1].M 523,1510 : Density Matrix Depth interval {F} MATR[1]. SADD : Neutron Porosity Matrix NMAT_Depth[1] MATR[2]. LIME : Neutron Porosity Matrix NMAT_Depth[1] MDEN[1].KG/M3 2710 : Neutron Porosity Matrix DMAT_Depth[2] #DEfined First/Last channel readings parameters FR_LR[1.M 500,100 : DPHI FR_LR[3].M 520,100 : NMR[3] FR_LR[4].M 500,100 : NMR[3] FR_LR[4].M 510,100 : NMR[3] FR_LR[4].M S10,100 : NMR[3] FR_LR[6].M 510,100 : NMR[3] RUN_Depth[1] CSGL TDL .M : Cotal Depth Logger RUN_Depth[1] RUN_Depth[1] CSGL M : Casing Bottom Driller RUN_Depth[1] </td <td>#Defined Run</td> <td>Related parameters</td> <td>f Runs for this well {T}</td>	#Defined Run	Related parameters	f Runs for this well {T}
RUN_Depth[1].M 0.0,1500.0 : Run 1 Depth Interval {F} RUN_Depth[2].M 1500.0,2513.0 : Run 2 Depth Interval {F} #Parameters that are zoned. NMAT_Depth[1].M 523,1500 : Neutron Matrix Depth interval {F} NMAT_Depth[1].M 523,1510 : Density Matrix Depth interval {F} DMAT_Depth[2].M 1500,2510 : Density Matrix Depth interval {F} DMAT_Depth[1].M 523,1510 : Density Matrix Depth interval {F} MATR[1]. SADD : Neutron Porosity Matrix NMAT_Depth[1] MATR[2]. LIME : Neutron Porosity Matrix NMAT_Depth[1] MDEN[1].KG/M3 2710 : Neutron Porosity Matrix DMAT_Depth[2] #DEfined First/Last channel readings parameters FR_LR[1.M 500,100 : DPHI FR_LR[3].M 520,100 : NMR[3] FR_LR[4].M 500,100 : NMR[3] FR_LR[4].M 510,100 : NMR[3] FR_LR[4].M S10,100 : NMR[3] FR_LR[6].M 510,100 : NMR[3] RUN_Depth[1] CSGL TDL .M : Cotal Depth Logger RUN_Depth[1] RUN_Depth[1] CSGL M : Casing Bottom Driller RUN_Depth[1] </td <td>RUN[1].</td> <td>2 : Num</td> <td>ber of the indexed RUN {I}</td>	RUN[1].	2 : Num	ber of the indexed RUN {I}
<pre>#Parameters that are zoned. NMAT_Depth[1].M 523,1500 : Neutron Matrix Depth interval {F} NMAT_Depth[2].M 1500,2500 : Neutron Matrix Depth interval {F} DMAT_Depth[2].M 1510,2510 : Density Matrix Depth interval {F} DMAT_Depth[2].M 1510,2510 : Density Matrix Depth interval {F} #Parameters that have different values over different intervals MATR[1]. SAND : Neutron Porosity Matrix NMAT_Depth[1] MATR[2]. LIME : Neutron Porosity Matrix NMAT_Depth[2] MDEN[1].KG/M3 2650 : Neutron Porosity Matrix DMAT_Depth[2] MDEN[2].KG/M3 2710 : Neutron Porosity Matrix DMAT_Depth[2] #Defined First/Last channel readings parameters FR_LR[1].M 500,100 : DT FR_LR[2].M 523,100 : DT FR_LR[3].M 520,100 : NMR[1] FR_LR[3].M 520,100 : NMR[1] FR_LR[6].M 510,100 : NMR[1] FR_LR[6].M 510,100 : NMR[3] FR_LR[6].M 510,100 : NMR[3] FR_LR[1].M 510,100 : NMR[4] FR_LR[1].M 510,100 : NMR[4] FR_LR[1].M 510,100 : NMR[5] #Required parameters for AEUB compliance (but not LAS compliance TDL .M : Total Depth Driller RUN_Depth[1] CSGL .M : Casing Bottom Logger RUN_Depth[1] CSGL .M : Casing Bottom Logger RUN_Depth[1] CSGL .M : Casing Bottom Driller RUN_Depth[1] CSGL .M : Casing Bottom Driller RUN_Depth[1] CSGL .M : Casing Size RUN_Depth[1] MDD . : Mud type RUN_Depth[1] MDD . : Mud type RUN_Depth[1] MDD . : Mud Viscosity (Funnel) RUN_Depth[1] RNM : Resistivity of Mud RUN_Depth[1] RNM : Resistivity of Mud RUN_Depth[1] RNM : Resistivity of Mud RUN_Depth[1] RNM : Rest. of Mud Filtrate RUN_Depth[1] RNM : Rest. of Mud Cake RUN_Depth[1] RNM OHMM : Rest. Of Mud Cake</pre>			
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<pre>#Parameters that have different values over different intervals MATR[1]. SAND : Neutron Porosity Matrix NMAT_Depth[1] MATR[2]. LIME : Neutron Porosity Matrix NMAT_Depth[1] MDEN[1].KG/M3 2650 : Neutron Porosity Matrix DMAT_Depth[2] MDEN[2].KG/M3 2710 : Neutron Porosity Matrix DMAT_Depth[2] #Defined First/Last channel readings parameters FR_LR[1].M 500,100 : DT FR_LR[2].M 520,100 : DPHI FR_LR[3].M 520,100 : NPHI FR_LR[4].M 500,100 : YME FR_LR[6].M 510,100 : NMR[1] FR_LR[6].M 510,100 : NMR[2] FR_LR[6].M 510,100 : NMR[3] FR_LR[9].M 510,100 : NMR[4] FR_LR[9].M 510,100 : NMR[5] #Required parameters for AEUB compliance (but not LAS compliance TDL .M : Total Depth Logger RUN_Depth[1] CSGD .M : Casing Bottom Logger RUN_Depth[1] CSGD .M : Casing Bottom Driller RUN_Depth[1] CSGS .MM : Casing Bottom Driller RUN_Depth[1] CSGS .MM : Casing Bottom Driller RUN_Depth[1] CSGS .MM : Bit Size RUN_Depth[1] CSGS .MM : Bit Size RUN_Depth[1] MUD . : Mud type RUN_Depth[1] MUD . : Mud Source RUN_Depth[1] MUD . : Mud Source RUN_Depth[1] MUD . : Mud Source RUN_Depth[1] RUN_S : : Mud Density RUN_Depth[1] FL .CC : Fluid Loss RUN_Depth[1] RUD . : RUM_Density RUN_Depth[1] RUD . : : PH RUN_Depth[1] RUD . : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :</pre>	#Parameters t	that are zoned.	
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<pre>#Defined First/Last channel readings parameters FR_LR[1].M 500,100 : DT FR_LR[2].M 523,100 : DPHI FR_LR[3].M 520,100 : VME FR_LR[4].M 500,100 : VME FR_LR[5].M : CDES FR_LR[6].M 510,100 : NMR[1] FR_LR[7].M 510,100 : NMR[2] FR_LR[9].M 510,100 : NMR[3] FR_LR[9].M 510,100 : NMR[5] #Required parameters for AEUB compliance (but not LAS compliance TDL .M : Total Depth Logger RUN_Depth[1] CSGL .M : Casing Bottom Logger RUN_Depth[1] CSGD .M : Casing Bottom Driller RUN_Depth[1] CSGS .MM : Casing Size RUN_Depth[1] CSGS .MM : Casing Size RUN_Depth[1] MUD . : Mud type RUN_Depth[1] MUD . : Mud type RUN_Depth[1] MUD . : Mud Source RUN_Depth[1] MUD . : Mud Source RUN_Depth[1] MUD . : Mud Source RUN_Depth[1] MUD . : PH RUN_Depth[1] RUN_Depth[1] RUN_Depth[1] RUN_Depth[1] RUN_Depth[1] RUN_Depth[1] RUN_Depth[1] RUN_Depth[1] RUN_DEPth[1] RUN_Depth[1] RUN_DEPth[1] RUN_Depth[1] RUN_DEPth[1] RUN_DEPth[1] RUN_DEPth[1] RUN_DEPth[1] RUN_DEPth[1] RUN_DEPth[1] RUN_DEPth[1] RUN_DEPth[1] RUN_DEPth[1] RUN_DEPth[1] RUN_DEPTH[1] RUN_DETH[1] RUN_DEPTH[1] RUN_DEPTH[1] RUN_DEPTH[1] RUN_DEPTH[1] RUN_DEPTH[1] RUN_DEPTH[1] RUN_DEPTH[1] RUN_DEPTH[1] RUN_DEPTH[1] RUN_DEPTH[1] RUN_DEPTH[1] RUN_DEPTH[1] RUN_DEPTH[1] RUN_DEPTH[1] RUN_</pre>	MATR[2].	LIME : Neu 43 2650 : Neu	tron Porosity Matrix NMAT_Depth[2]
<pre>#Defined First/Last channel readings parameters FR_LR[1].M 500,100 : DT FR_LR[2].M 523,100 : DPHI FR_LR[3].M 520,100 : VME FR_LR[4].M 500,100 : VME FR_LR[5].M : CDES FR_LR[6].M 510,100 : NMR[1] FR_LR[7].M 510,100 : NMR[2] FR_LR[9].M 510,100 : NMR[3] FR_LR[9].M 510,100 : NMR[5] #Required parameters for AEUB compliance (but not LAS compliance TDL .M : Total Depth Logger RUN_Depth[1] CSGL .M : Casing Bottom Logger RUN_Depth[1] CSGD .M : Casing Bottom Driller RUN_Depth[1] CSGS .MM : Casing Size RUN_Depth[1] CSGS .MM : Casing Size RUN_Depth[1] MUD . : Mud type RUN_Depth[1] MUD . : Mud type RUN_Depth[1] MUD . : Mud Source RUN_Depth[1] MUD . : Mud Source RUN_Depth[1] MUD . : Mud Source RUN_Depth[1] MUD . : PH RUN_Depth[1] RUN_Depth[1] RUN_Depth[1] RUN_Depth[1] RUN_Depth[1] RUN_Depth[1] RUN_Depth[1] RUN_Depth[1] RUN_DEPth[1] RUN_Depth[1] RUN_DEPth[1] RUN_Depth[1] RUN_DEPth[1] RUN_DEPth[1] RUN_DEPth[1] RUN_DEPth[1] RUN_DEPth[1] RUN_DEPth[1] RUN_DEPth[1] RUN_DEPth[1] RUN_DEPth[1] RUN_DEPth[1] RUN_DEPTH[1] RUN_DETH[1] RUN_DEPTH[1] RUN_DEPTH[1] RUN_DEPTH[1] RUN_DEPTH[1] RUN_DEPTH[1] RUN_DEPTH[1] RUN_DEPTH[1] RUN_DEPTH[1] RUN_DEPTH[1] RUN_DEPTH[1] RUN_DEPTH[1] RUN_DEPTH[1] RUN_DEPTH[1] RUN_DEPTH[1] RUN_</pre>	MDEN[2].KG/M	43 2710 : Neu	tron Porosity Matrix DMAT_Depth[1]
FR_LR[1].M 500,100 : DT FR_LR[2].M 523,100 : DPHI FR_LR[3].M 520,100 : PPHI FR_LR[4].M 500,100 : YME FR_LR[5].M : CDES FR_LR[6].M 510,100 : NMR[1] FR_LR[9].M 510,100 : NMR[2] FR_LR[9].M 510,100 : NMR[4] FR_LR[9].M 510,100 : NMR[5] #Required parameters for AEUB compliance (but not LAS compliance TDL<.M			
FR_LR[3].M520,100 :NPHIFR_LR[4].M500,100 :YMEFR_LR[5].M:CDESFR_LR[6].M510,100 :NMR[1]FR_LR[8].M510,100 :NMR[2]FR_LR[9].M510,100 :NMR[4]FR_LR[9].M510,100 :NMR[5]#Required parameters for AEUB compliance (but not LAS complianceTDL.M: Total Depth LoggerRUN_Depth[1]CSGL.M: Casing Bottom LoggerRUN_Depth[1]CSGL M: Casing Bottom DrillerRUN_Depth[1]CSGS .MM: Casing SizeRUN_Depth[1]SGGW. KG/M: Casing WeightRUN_Depth[1]MUD .: Mud typeRUN_Depth[1]MUD .: Mud SourceRUN_Depth[1]MUDV .S: Mud Viscosity (Funnel)RUN_Depth[1]FL<.CC			
FR_LR[5].M:CDESFR_LR[6].M510,100 :NMR[1]FR_LR[7].M510,100 :NMR[2]FR_LR[8].M510,100 :NMR[3]FR_LR[10].M510,100 :NMR[4]FR_LR[10].M510,100 :NMR[4]#Required parameters for AEUB compliance (but not LAS complianceTDL.M:TDDM:TDD.M:CSGD.M:Casing Bottom LoggerRUN_Depth[1]CSGD .M:Casing Bottom DrillerRUN_Depth[1]CSGS .MM:Casing SizeRUN_Depth[1]CSGW.KG/M:Casing WeightRUN_Depth[1]BS.MM:Bit SizeRUN_Depth[1]MUD.:Mud SourceRUN_Depth[1]RUN_Depth[1]MUDD.KG/M3:Mud DensityRUN_Depth[1]RUN_Depth[1]PH:PH:RMM: Resistivity of MudRUN_Depth[1]RMT.DEGC:RMT.DEGC:RMM: Rest. of Mud FiltrateRUN_Depth[1]RMF.OHMM: Rest. of Mud CakeRUN_Depth[1]	FR_LR[3].M	520,100 : NPHI	
FR_LR[6].M \$10,100 : NMR[1] FR_LR[7].M \$10,100 : NMR[2] FR_LR[8].M \$10,100 : NMR[3] FR_LR[9].M \$10,100 : NMR[4] FR_LR[10].M \$10,100 : NMR[5] #Required parameters for AEUB compliance (but not LAS compliance TDL<.M			
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FR_LR[10].M510,100 :NMR[5]#Required parameters for AEUB compliance (but not LAS complianceTDL .M: Total Depth LoggerRUN_Depth[1]TDD .M: Total Depth DrillerRUN_Depth[1]CSGL .M: Casing Bottom LoggerRUN_Depth[1]CSGD .M: Casing Bottom DrillerRUN_Depth[1]CSGW .KG/M: Casing WeightRUN_Depth[1]CSGW .KG/M: Casing WeightRUN_Depth[1]BS .MM: Bit SizeRUN_Depth[1]MUDS .: Mud SourceRUN_Depth[1]MUDD .KG/M3: Mud DensityRUN_Depth[1]FL .CC: Fluid LossRUN_Depth[1]PH: PHRUN_Depth[1]RM.OHMM: Resistivity of MudRUN_Depth[1]RMT .DEGC: Temperature of MudRUN_Depth[1]RMF .DEGC: Temp. of Mud FiltrateRUN_Depth[1]RMF .DEGC: Temp. of Mud FiltrateRUN_Depth[1]RMF .OHMM: Rest. of Mud CakeRUN_Depth[1]	FR_LR[8].M	510,100 : NMR[3]	
<pre>#Required parameters for AEUE compliance (but not LAS compliance TDL .M : Total Depth Logger RUN_Depth[1] TDD .M : Total Depth Driller RUN_Depth[1] CSGL M : Casing Bottom Logger RUN_Depth[1] CSGD .M : Casing Bottom Driller RUN_Depth[1] CSGS .MM : Casing Size RUN_Depth[1] CSGS .MM : Casing Weight RUN_Depth[1] BS .MM : Bit Size RUN_Depth[1] MUD . : Mud type RUN_Depth[1] MUD . : Mud Source RUN_Depth[1] MUD . : Mud Viscosity (Funnel) RUN_Depth[1] FL .CC : Fluid Loss RUN_Depth[1] FH . : PH RUN_Depth[1] RMM : Resistivity of Mud RUN_Depth[1] RMM : Resistivity of Mud RUN_Depth[1] RMT .DEGC : Temperature of Mud RUN_Depth[1] RMF .DEGC : Temp. of Mud Filtrate RUN_Depth[1]</pre>			
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TDD.M: Total Depth DrillerRUN_Depth[1]CSGL.M: Casing Bottom LoggerRUN_Depth[1]CSGD.M: Casing Bottom DrillerRUN_Depth[1]CSGS.MM: Casing SizeRUN_Depth[1]CSGS.MM: Casing WeightRUN_Depth[1]BS.MM: Bit SizeRUN_Depth[1]MUD.: Mud typeRUN_Depth[1]MUDS.: Mud SourceRUN_Depth[1]MUDV.S: Mud Viscosity (Funnel)RUN_Depth[1]FL.CC: Fluid LossRUN_Depth[1]PH.: PHRUN_Depth[1]RM.OHMM: Resistivity of MudRUN_Depth[1]RMF.DEGC: Temperature of MudRUN_Depth[1]RMF.DEGC: Temp. of Mud FiltrateRUN_Depth[1]RMF.DEGC: Temp. of Mud FiltrateRUN_Depth[1]RMF.OHMM: Rest. of Mud CakeRUN_Depth[1]	TDL .M	: Total Depth Lo	gger RUN_Depth[1]
CSGD .M: Casing Bottom DrillerRUN_Depth[1]CSGS .MM: Casing SizeRUN_Depth[1]CSGW .KG/M: Casing WeightRUN_Depth[1]BS .MM: Bit SizeRUN_Depth[1]MUD .: Mud typeRUN_Depth[1]MUD .: Mud SourceRUN_Depth[1]MUDD .: Mud ViscosityRUN_Depth[1]MUDV .S: Mud Viscosity (Funnel)RUN_Depth[1]FL .CC: Fluid LossRUN_Depth[1]PH .: PHRUN_Depth[1]RMM .OHMM: Resistivity of MudRUN_Depth[1]RMF .DEGC: Temperature of MudRUN_Depth[1]RMF .DEGC: Temp. of Mud FiltrateRUN_Depth[1]RMF .OHMM: Rest. of Mud CakeRUN_Depth[1]	TDD .M	: Total Depth Dr	iller RUN_Depth[1]
CSGWKG/M: Casing WeightRUN_Depth[1]BSMM: Bit SizeRUN_Depth[1]MUD: Mud typeRUN_Depth[1]MUDS: Mud SourceRUN_Depth[1]MUDD: Mud SourceRUN_Depth[1]MUDV .S: Mud Viscosity (Funnel)RUN_Depth[1]FL.CC: Fluid LossRUN_Depth[1]PH:< PH	CSGD .M	: Casing Bottom	Driller RUN_Depth[1]
BS MM : Bit Size RUN_Depth[1] MUD : Mud type RUN_Depth[1] MUDS : Mud Source RUN_Depth[1] MUDD : Mud Source RUN_Depth[1] MUDD : Mud Density RUN_Depth[1] MUDV : Mud Viscosity (Funnel) RUN_Depth[1] FL : CC : Fluid Loss RUN_Depth[1] PH : PH RUN_Depth[1] RM : OHMM : Resistivity of Mud RUN_Depth[1] RMF .DEGC : Temperature of Mud RUN_Depth[1] RMF .DEGC : Temp. of Mud Filtrate RUN_Depth[1] RMF .DEGC : Temp. of Mud Filtrate RUN_Depth[1] RMC .OHMM : Rest. of Mud Cake RUN_Depth[1]		: Casing Weight	
MUDS : Mud Source RUN_Depth[1] MUDD : Mud Density RUN_Depth[1] MUDV .S : Mud Viscosity (Funnel) RUN_Depth[1] FL .CC : Fluid Loss RUN_Depth[1] PH : E PH RUN_Depth[1] RM .OHMM : Resistivity of Mud RUN_Depth[1] RMT .DEGC : Temperature of Mud RUN_Depth[1] RMF .OHMM : Rest. of Mud Filtrate RUN_Depth[1] RMF .DEGC : Temp. of Mud Filtrate RUN_Depth[1] RMF .OHMM : Rest. of Mud Cake RUN_Depth[1]	BS .MM	: Bit Size	RUN_Depth[1]
MUDV .S : Mud Viscosity (Funnel) RUN_Depth[1] FL .CC : Fluid Loss RUN_Depth[1] PH : PH RUN_Depth[1] RM .OHMM : Resistivity of Mud RUN_Depth[1] RM .OHMM : Resistivity of Mud RUN_Depth[1] RMT .DEGC : Temperature of Mud RUN_Depth[1] RMF .OHMM : Rest. of Mud Filtrate RUN_Depth[1] RMF .OHMM : Rest. of Mud Filtrate RUN_Depth[1] RMC .OHMM : Rest. of Mud Cake RUN_Depth[1]	MUDS .	: Mud Source	RUN_Depth[1]
FL.CC: Fluid LossRUN_Depth[1]PH: PHRUN_Depth[1]RM.OHMM: Resistivity of MudRUN_Depth[1]RMT.DEGC: Temperature of MudRUN_Depth[1]RMF.OHMM: Rest. of Mud FiltrateRUN_Depth[1]RMFT.DEGC: Temp. of Mud FiltrateRUN_Depth[1]RMF.OHMM: Rest. of Mud GakeRUN_Depth[1]			
RM .0HMM : Resistivity of Mud RUN_Depth[1] RMT .DEGC : Temperature of Mud RUN_Depth[1] RMF .0HMM : Rest. of Mud Filtrate RUN_Depth[1] RMFT .DEGC : Temp. of Mud Filtrate RUN_Depth[1] RMC .0HMM : Rest. of Mud Cake RUN_Depth[1]	FL .CC	: Fluid Loss	RUN_Depth[1]
RMT.DEGC: Temperature of MudRUN_Depth[1]RMF.OHMM: Rest. of Mud FiltrateRUN_Depth[1]RMFT.DEGC: Temp. of Mud FiltrateRUN_Depth[1]RMC.OHMM: Rest. of Mud CakeRUN_Depth[1]			
RMFT.DEGC : Temp. of Mud Filtrate RUN_Depth[1] RMC .0HMM : Rest. of Mud Cake RUN_Depth[1]	RMT .DEGC	: Temperature of	Mud RUN_Depth[1]
		: Temp. of Mud F	iltrate RUN_Depth[1]
	RMC .OHMM	: Rest. of Mud C	ake RUN_Depth[1]

RMCT .DEGC TMAX .DEGC TIMC .	: Temp. of Mud Cake : Max. Recorded Temp. : Date/Time Circulation Stopped	RUN_Depth[1] RUN_Depth[1] RUN_Depth[1]
TIML .	: Date/Time Logger Tagged Bottom	RUN_Depth[1]
UNIT .	: Logging Unit Number	RUN_Depth[1]
BASE .	: Home Base of Logging Unit	RUN_Depth[1]
ENG .	: Recording Engineer	RUN_Depth[1]
WIT .	: Witnessed By	RUN_Depth[1]

#Next Run parameters

TDL	.M	:	Total Depth Logger	RUN_Depth[2]
TDD	.M	:	Total Depth Driller	RUN_Depth[2]
CSGL	.M	:	Casing Bottom Logger	RUN_Depth[2]
CSGD	.M	:	Casing Bottom Driller	RUN_Depth[2]
CSGS	. MM	:	Casing Size	RUN_Depth[2]
CSGW	.KG/M	:	Casing Weight	RUN_Depth[2]
BS	. MM	:	Bit Size	RUN_Depth[2]
MUD		:	Mud type	RUN_Depth[2]
MUDS		:	Mud Source	RUN_Depth[2]
MUDD	.KG/M3	:	Mud Density	RUN_Depth[2]
MUDV	.s	:	Mud Viscosity (Funnel)	RUN_Depth[2]
FL	.CC	:	Fluid Loss	RUN_Depth[2]
PH		:	PH	RUN_Depth[2]
RM	.OHMM	:	Resistivity of Mud	RUN_Depth[2]
RMT	.DEGC	:	Temperature of Mud	RUN_Depth[2]
RMF	.OHMM	:	Rest. of Mud Filtrate	RUN_Depth[2]
RMFT	.DEGC	:	Temp. of Mud Filtrate	RUN_Depth[2]
RMC	.OHMM	:	Rest. of Mud Cake	RUN_Depth[2]
RMCT	.DEGC	:	Temp. of Mud Cake	RUN_Depth[2]
TMAX	.DEGC	:	Max. Recorded Temp.	RUN_Depth[2]
TIMC		:	Date/Time Circulation Stopped	RUN_Depth[2]
TIML		:	Date/Time Logger Tagged Bottom	RUN_Depth[2]
UNIT		:	Logging Unit Number	RUN_Depth[2]
BASE		:	Home Base of Logging Unit	RUN_Depth[2]
ENG		:	Recording Engineer	RUN_Depth[2]
WIT		:	Witnessed By	RUN_Depth[2]

~Curve	100 00000		
#MNEM.UNIT	LOG CODES	CURVE DESCRIPTION	
#			
DEPT .M		: DEPTH	{F}
DT .US/M	123 456 789	: SONIC TRANSIT TIME	{F}
DPHI .V/V	123 456 789	: DENSITY POROSITY	F MDEN[1], MDEN[2]
NPHI .V/V	123 456 789	: NEUTRON POROSITY	<pre>{F} MATR[1],MATR[2]</pre>
YME .PA	123 456 789	: YOUNGS MODULES	{E0.00E+00}
CDES .	123 456 789	: CORE DESCRIPTION	(s)
# A 3D array channel	l begins here. It ha	s 5 elements, and the amplitude	e is in
# millivolts			
NMR[1] .mv	123 456 789	: NMR Echo Array	{AF;0ms}
NMR[2] .mv	123 456 789	: NMR Echo Array	{AF;5ms}
NMR[3] .mv	123 456 789	: NMR Echo Array	{AF;10ms}
NMR[4] .mv	123 456 789	: NMR Echo Array	{AF;15ms}
NMR[5] .mv	123 456 789	: NMR Echo Array	{AF;20ms}

The next 5 sets of 3 sections each are the newly defined sections. # The ~ names are # now defined and must not be used for other sections.

Drilling data section

~Drilling_Parameter RIG . BIG RIG : Drilling Rig name CONTR . DLR DRILLING : Contractor

~Drilling_Definition		
DEPT .ft	: Depth	{F}
DIST .ft	: Cumulative increment of drilling.	{F}
HRS .hour	: Hours of drilling	{F}
ROP .ft/hr	: Rate of Penetration	{F}
WOB .klb	: Weight on bit	{F}
RPM .RPM	: Rotations per minute	{F}
TQ .AMPS	: Torque on bit in amps	{F}
PUMP .psi	: Mud pump pressure	{F}
TSPM .SPM	: Total strokes per minute	{F}
GPM .gal/min	: Gallons per minute	{F}
ECD .ppg	: Effective circulation density	{F}
TBR .	: Total barrels returned	(F)

~Drilling_Data | Drilling_definition 322.02,1.02,0.0,24.0,3.0,59.0,111.0,1199.0,179.0, 879,8.73,39 323.05,2.05,0.1,37.5,2.0,69.0,118.0,1182.0,175.0, 861,8.73,202

~Core_Pa	arameter[1]			
C_SRS		:	Core Source	{S}
C_TY		:	Core Type	{S}
C_DT		:	Recovery Date (Date Core Cut)	$\{DD/MM/YYYY\}$
C_TP	.M	:	Core Top Depth	{F}
C_BS	.M	:	Core Base Depth	{F}
C_RC	.M	:	Recovered Amount (Length)	{F}
C_FM		:	Primary Formation Cored	{S}
C_DI	.mm	:	Core Diameter	{F}
C_AC		:	Analyzing Company	{S}
C_AD		:	Analysis Date	{DD/MM/YYYY}

~Core_	Definition[1]				
CORT	.M	:	Core	top depth	{F}
CORB	.M	:	Core	Bottom Depth	{F}
PERM	.md	:	Core	permeability	{F}
CPOR	.%	:	Core	porosity	{F}
OIL	. %	:	Core	Oil saturation	(F)

WTR .% : Core water saturation {F} Oilvol.% : Core oil volume {F] GAS .% WTR .% : Core gas saturation {F} {F} : Core water volume : Core description CDES . {s} ~Core_Data[1] | Core_Definition[1] 13178.00, 13179.00, 5.00, 17.70, 41.20, 40.10, 7.30, 3.30, 67.00, 13180.00, 13181.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00,

 13182.00, 13183.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00,

 13184.00, 13185.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00,

 13186.00, 13187.00, 0.10, 13.30, 23.00, 87.20, 3.00, 1.40, 71.00,

 13188.00, 13189.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00,

 13188.00, 13189.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00,

 13190.00, 13191.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00,

 13192.00, 13193.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00,

 13194.00, 13195.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00,

 13194.00, 13195.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00,

 13196.00, 13197.00, -999.0 13458.00, 13459.00, 13460.00, 13461.00, 460.00, 29.60, 430.00, 28.70, 28.40, 47.90, 62.00, 20.20, 8.40, 7.00, 40.00, 17.80, 5.10, 39.00, VfqrU SliShy

 13460.00, 13461.00, 430.00, 28.70, 62.00, 20.20, 17.80, 5.10, 39.00, Vigru SilSny

 13462.00, 13463.00, 180.00, 263.00, 59.70, 183.00, 15.70, 5.80, 46.00, Vigru SliShy

 13464.00, 13465.00, 150.00, 26.20, 48.90, 33.60, 12.80, 4.60, 48.00, Vigru SliShy

 13466.00, 13467.00, 43.00, 15.40, 16.40, 40.00, 25.00, 6.70, 63.00, Vigru SliShy

 13467.00, 13471.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00,

 13472.00, 13471.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00,

 13472.00, 13473.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00, Sdy WellCem

 13476.00, 13477.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00, -999.00, Sdy WellCem

 VfgrU SliShy-Shy VfgrU SliShy-Shy ~Core_Parameter[2] C_SRS . {S} : Core Source C_TY : Core Type {S} : Recovery Date (Date Core Cut) {DD/MM/YYYY} C DT Core Top Depth C_TP .м {F} : Core Base Depth : Recovered Amount (Length) C BS . M ۲ F C_RC .М ÌF C_FM : Primary Formation Cored {s} {F} {S} C DI . mm : Core Diameter C_AC : Analyzing Company {DD/MM/YYYY} C_AD : Analysis Date ~Core Definition[2] CORT .M : Core top depth ${F}$ ${F}$: Core Bottom Depth : Core permeability CORB .M PERM .md {F] CPOR .PU : Core porosity ~Core_Data[2] | Core_definition[2] 13178.00, 13178.00, 5.00, 17.70 13180.00, 13180.00, -999.00, -999.00 13182.00, 13182.00, -999.00, -999.00 13184.00, 13184.00, -999.00, -999.00 ~Inclinometry_Parameter : SURVEY_DATE I_DT . {DD/MM/YYYY} : Recording Company : Depth Datum Elevation (from MSL) (S) (F) T CO .м I_RF I_AT : Azimuth North Type (e.g. Grid/ True) : Magnetic Declination (if I_AT not magnetic) . .DEG I DC {F I_KO .M : Kickoff Depth (M.D. of kickoff point) (F) Geodetic datum
 N/S Offset of well ref point to top hole
 E/W Offset of well ref point to top hole
 COMPUTE_METHOD (e.g. Radius of Curvature) I GD {s` I ONS . ίF I_OEW .Unit ÌFÍ I_CP . I_CS . {S} {S} : COORDINATE_SYSTEM_NAME eg UTM18N 0 : Tie Point Measured depth 0 : Tie Point True Vertical depth TIEMD .M TIETVD .M TIEDEV .M TIEAZM .M 0 : Tie Point Deviation : Tie Point Azimuth 0 TIENSDR M 0 : Tie Point North South drift 0 : Tie Point East West drift TIEEWDR.M ~Inclinometry_Definition MD .M TVD .M : Measured Depth : True Vertical Depth {F AZIM .DEG : Borehole Azimuth ÌF Borehole Deviation DEVI .DEG {F {F : Relative Bearing RB . DEG ~Inclinometry_Data | Inclinometry_definition 0.00,0.00,290.00,0.00,45.0 100.00,100.00,234.00,0.00,45.0 200.00,198.34,284.86,1.43,45.0 300.00,295.44,234.21,2.04,45.0 400.00,390.71,224.04,3.93,45.0 500.00,482.85,224.64,5.88,45.0 600.00,571.90,204.39,7.41,45.0 ~Test_Parameter DST :Test Type {S} TESTT. ~Test_Definition TSTN . :TEST Number {I} :TEST Top Depth :TEST Bottom Depth {F} {F} TSTT .M TSTB .M DDES . :TEST Recovery Description [S] ISIP .KPAA :Initial Shut in pressure {F} FSIP .KPAA :Final Shut in pressure (F (F RATE .BOPD :Production Rate :BLOW DESCRIPTION (s) BLOWD.

~Test_Data | Test_definition

1,1500,1505,50ft oil,13243,13350,10000,TSTM 2,2210,2235,0il to surface,21451,21500,10000,Air 3,2575.0,2589.0,Packer Failure,0.0,0.0,0.0,TSTM

~Tops_Paramete				
TOPS.			Formation Source	{S}
TOPDR.	Subsea	•	Tops Depth Reference	{S}
~Tops Definiti	on			
TOPT.M		:	Formation Top Depth	{F}
TOPB.M		:	Formation Base Depth	{F}
TOPN.		:	Formation Top Name	{S}
	ops_Definition			
-1545.50,-1603 -1603.00,-1614				
	.00,Basal Quartz			
,,,	····,-··· 2001-0-			
~Perforation_P	arameter			
PERFTYPE.	55 gr BIG HOLE		: Charge Type	{S}
~Perforation D	efinition			
PERFT.M			: Perforation Top Depth	{F}
PERFB.M			: Perforation Bottom Dept	
PERFD.SHOTS/M	I		: Shot density per meter	(F)
	ata Perforation_Defini	ti	on	
545.50,550.60				
551.20,554.90 575.00,595.00				
575.00,595.00	,12.0			

~Ascii

-Aacii 1660.125,123.450,0.110,0.370,1.45E+12,DOLOMITE W/VUGS,10.0,12.0,14.0,18.0,13.0 1660.250,123.450,0.120,0.360,1.47E+12,LIMESTONE,12.0,15.0,21.0,35.0,25.0 1660.375,123.450,0.130,0.350,2.85E+12,LOST INTERVAL,18.0,25.0,10.0,8.0,17.0 1660.500,123.450,0.150,0.330,2.85E+12,LOST INTERVAL,18.0,25.0,10.0,8.0,17.0 1660.750,123.450,0.160,0.330,2.85E+12,NOST INTERVAL,18.0,25.0,10.0,8.0,17.0 1660.750,123.450,0.160,0.320,2.85E+12,"SANDSTONE, SHALE STREAKS",18.0,25.0,10.0,8.0,17.0 1660.875,123.450,0.170,0.310,2.85E+12,LOST INTERVAL,18.0,25.0,10.0,8.0,17.0

Appendix II: LAS Ver 3.0 Reserved Characters and Words

Several ASCII characters and words are reserved for use by the LAS Ver 3.0 standard.

The individual characters are used to separate or "delimit" individual data fields or items in LAS files.

The restricted words are the section titles and mnemonics that are defined as part of the LAS Ver 3.0 standard content rules.

Delimiters

Delimiter characters must be carefully used. Whenever possible, do not use them in the data items stored in the LAS file. Obvious exceptions are the period which appears in most numbers. Periods, Colon, Semicolon | (bar), [] and {} are only used as delimiters in **Parameter Data** and **Column Definition** lines, so they can be freely used in data items in **Column Data** sections.

Char	ASCII Code	Name	Delimits what	Delimiter when:	Used as Delimiters in:
~	126	Tilde	Start of Section title	First non-space	Section Title Lines
#	35	Pound	Start of Comment line		Parameter Data
					section, Column
					Definition section
-	46	Period	MNEM and Unit	First period on line	Parameter Data
					lines, Column
:	58	Colon	Value and Description	Last colon on line	Definition lines
;	59	Semi-Colon	Format and Array Spacing indicators	Within { } format field	
{	123	Left Brace	Begins Format	After Description,	
}	125	Right Brace	Ends Format	before or EOL	
]	91	Left Bracket	Begins Section Title or MNEM index	Appended to any MNEM or section	
]	93	Right Bracket	Ends Section Title or MNEM index	title	
	124	Bar	Description or Format and	After Description or	Section Title lines,
			Association	Format { }	Parameter Data
					lines, Column
					Definition lines
Tab	9	Tab	Column Data items	Present between items	Column Data lines
,	44	Comma			Parameter Data
					lines, Column Data
					lines
Space	32	Space	Unit and Value on		Section Title lines,
			Parameter Data lines, and		Parameter Data
			Column Data Items		lines, Column
					Definition lines

Section Titles

These phrases are reserved for Section titles. Do not use these words in any form in user defined section titles. Do not use these words as part of other section titles. Carefully restrict their usage in any other part of the file.

```
~Version
~Well
~Curve
~Parameter
~ASCII
~Log_Parameter
~Core Parameter
~Inclinometry_Parameter
~Drilling Parameter
~Tops_Parameter
~Test_Parameter
~Log_Definition
~Core_Definition
~Inclinometry_Definition
~Drilling_Definition
~Tops_Definition
~Test_Definition
~Log_Data
~Core_Data
~Inclinometry_Data
~Drilling_Data
~Tops Data
```

~Test_Data

Parameter Data Section and Column Definition Channel Mnemonics

These mnemonics are defined in the LAS Ver 3.0 standard for the indicated sections. This does not imply that they must be used, just that if they are used, that they have the defined meaning. Specific content rules for each section will be release with subsequent LAS 3.0 versions.

~Version

VERS WRAP DLM

~Well

STRT STOP STEP NULL COMP WELL FLD LOC STAT PROV CTRY CNTY API UWI LIC SRVC DATE X Y LATI LONG GDAT HZCS

~Parameter Or ~Log_Parameter.

RUN APD DREF EREF PDAT

RUNS RUN_DEPTH RUN_DATE

NMAT_DEPTH DMAT_DEPTH SMAT_DEPTH

MATR MDEN DTMA

FR_LR

```
~Core_Parameter
```

C_SRS C_TY C_DATE C_TOP C_BS C_RC C_FM C_DI C_AC C_AD

~Core_Definition

CORT CORB CDES

~Drilling_Definition

DDEP DIST HRS ROP WOB RPM TQ PUMP TSPM GPM ECD TBR RIG CONTR

~Inclinometry_Parameter

I_DT I_CO I_RF I_AT I_DC I_KD I_GD I_ONS I_OEW I_CP I_CS

~Inclinometry_Definition

MD TVD AZIM DEVI RB NSDR EWDR CLSR TIEMD TIETVD TIEDEVI

~Tops_Definition

TOPT TOPB TOPN TOPSRC TOPDR

~Test_Definition

TSTT TSTB TSTN DDES ISIP FSIP RATE BLOWD TESTT

Note: Also includes all array forms of these mnemonics in any **Parameter Data** section or **Column Definition** section as well, such as run[1], run[2] etc.

Appendix III: Definitions

Section Title Line

A line beginning with ~ that contains a Section title. Common examples are ~Version, ~Well, ~Curve, ~Parameter, ~ASCII, etc.

Comment Line

A line whose first non-space character is a # (pound) character. # characters elsewhere on a line do not indicate the start of a comment at that character position.

Example:

#This is a comment line

Format Field { }

The format field is the characters found between a matched set of {} braces. It describes the format used to write the data value(s) referred to by the **Parameter Data** line or **Column Definition** line on which it is found.

Index Indicators []

Found appended to mnemonics in **Parameter Data** lines or **Column Definition** lines, to indicate that there are multiple instances of that mnemonic. Also used on section titles for the same reason.

Parameter Data Section

A section such as the **~Parameter** or **~Core_Parameter** section that contains only **Parameter Data** lines and comment lines.

Parameter Data Line

A line containing these elements within any section other than a Column Data section:

MNEM.UNIT VALUE : DESCRIPTION {Format} | Assoc1 Assoc2

Example:

BS.IN 8.25 : Bit Size {F13.5} | Run[1]

Column Definition Section

A section such as the ~Curve section that contains **Parameter Data** lines that describe each channel of a matching **Column Data** section

Column Definition Line

A line within a **Column Data** section containing a name, unit, Log Code and Description of one channel appearing in the matching **Column Data** section. These lines share the same structure rules as the **Parameter Data** Lines.

MNEM.UNIT VALUE : DESCRIPTION {Format} | Assoc1 Assoc2

Example:

CALI.IN : Caliper Channel

Column Data Section

A section such as the **ASCII** section that contains delimited multi-**Column Data**. The description of each channel is in the **Column Definition** section associated with the **Column Data** section.

Column Data Line

A single line found in a **Column Data** section such as **~ASCII** that contains delimited column style data channels.

Column Data Channel

Any single vertical column of data residing in a $Column \ Data$ section.

Array Spacing Indicators

 ${AF;50ms;5ft}$

For a **Column Data** channel that is a member of an Array, the **Array Spacing Indicators** are additional index information for that array member. They appear as semi-colon delimited items after the A or other Format characters within the Format field

Appendix IV: Termination Issues

Unix Line termination verses PC Line termination and its affect on the LAS Standard.

Windows/DOS and MAC PC's ASCII files use line termination characters that are actually two consecutive characters: ASCII 13 then ASCII 10, referred to as CRLF or Carriage Return & Line Feed.

Unix systems build ASCII files with only the ASCII 10 character, referred to as $\ \mbox{LF}$ or Line Feed.

Each type of file is properly usable on the system on which they are produced. When files are transferred between the platforms, considerable confusion is possible.

The file is judged as being LAS Ver 3.0 compliant under these rules.

- 1. If the file is CRLF (PC) terminated and resides on a PC platform computer, it is considered a valid LAS file (assuming it passes all other LAS Compliance tests).
- 2. If the file is LF only (UNIX) terminated and resides on a UNIX platform computer, it is considered a valid LAS file (assuming it passes all other LAS Compliance tests).
- 3. If termination does not match the platform, then the file is in violation of the LAS Ver 3.0 Standard.

Whether the file is actually usable on any particular computer is a matter of whether the program reading the LAS file can handle CRLF and/or LF termination properly. This varies widely. Converters are available as shareware.

The LAS Certify for Ver 3.0 LAS converts Unix terminated files to PC terminated files when run.

Appendix V: Real Time Data Acquisition Considerations

Service companies have recently begun offering real time data acquisition systems.

These systems allow remote monitoring of data acquisition in the field and the remote transfer of digital data and graphic files.

One of the expected popular digital data formats for real time transfer is LAS.

The only problem this raises is a reality of the current real time file transfer protocols. These systems can only append data to remote files, it cannot change any portion of the files already transferred.

The implication for LAS is that the **STOP** parameter value in the **~Well** section, once written, cannot be changed to the correct value as the file grows with new appended data. A file with a **STOP** value that does not match the final index value in the **~ASCII** section would be a Ver 2.0 standard violation.

This is addressed in LAS Ver 3.0 by allowing the STOP value to be set to the NULL value. This is the only other legal value other than the correct value.

The **~ASCII** section final value needs to be read and the STOP value needs to be updated to this value as soon as possible.

The LAS Certify 3.0 program that is to be part of this standard, automatically performs this correction if it is encountered.

The **~ASCII** section must be the last section of the file for real time acquisition cases. The addition of new data in real time can only occur as an appending operation to the end of the file.

Appendix VI : LAS Certify Ver 3.0

LAS Certify Ver 3.0.1 is a software program designed to check the compliance of any LAS ver 3.0 file to this documented standard. It is part of the LAS 3.0 standard.

The initial version (3.0.1) checks LAS structure rules only at this time. Content (presence of required Parameter data lines) in the **~Version** and **~Well** section is checked for those specific rules as outlined above.

These checks are performed. Each general group has one or more individual checks related to that group. Refer to the on-line help for further details.

- 1. File Naming, Availability, Termination and Size.
- 2. ~Version VERS, WRAP, DLM present and values correct
- 3. Line structure syntax check delimiters, format etc.
- 4. Section title syntax check.
- 5. ~Well section mnemonics check.
- 6. Units on SSS and First Index channels match.
- 7. STRT/STOP/STEP Values match ~Ascii or ~Log_Data section.
- 8. _Data sections same # of channels as matching _Definition section.
- 9. Data sections have consistent # of channels
- 10. All referenced association mnemonics present.
- 11. Array channel _Definition section syntax check.